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The Columbian.

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VOL 30 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 2. 1895. NO 31

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

A Lively Fight Between the Quay and Hastings Factions.

THE SENATOR BEATS THE GOVERNOR BY A VOTE OF 55 TO 37.

SANDS ELECTED DELEGATE.

The Republican primaries were held last Saturday afternoon, for the election of delegates to the county convention. Every effort had been made by the Bloomsburg leaders of the party to prevent a factional fight, but all the same the machine was put in good running order, and the expectation was that the county would go Quay's way without any trouble. But it didn't happen just that way. Last week different sections of the county were visited by persons working in the interest of Hastings, and by Saturday they had stirred things up, so that there was a pretty lively tussle at the election.

On Monday morning it looked more like it does when a Democratic convention is on hand, and there is a full ticket to nominate, than like the usually quiet and uninteresting Republican convention. The streets about the court house were crowded, and there was some active manipulating and wire-pulling. Both sides were anxious, because they were uncertain, though each was claiming the victory, with votes to spare. It was reported on the streets that money was being offered for votes, and it has also been reported that money was used through the county during the past week. Certain it is that there was just as much trickery as has ever been attempted by the democrats in this county, and our political opponents must no longer pose as models of political honesty. Both factions are charged with using corrupt means for procuring votes, and whether it is true of either or not, it is generally believed, though no particular case has come to our knowledge.

The convention met in the court house on Monday at half past one o'clock. County chairman W. D. Beckley called the meeting to order, and B. D. Freas was elected temporary secretary A call of the townships showed the following delegates present:

Beaver—J. S. Heller, C. B. Noetling.
Benton boro.—C. A. Edson, I. E. Patterson.
Benton twp.—Scott Laubach, Norman Hess.
Berwick, N. E.—H. F. Traugh, A. W. Lesher.
Berwick, S. E.—B. D. Freas, F. R. Kitchen.
Berwick, N. W.—I. W. Sherwood, J. U. Kurtz.
Berwick, S. W.—A. Wands, J. H. J. H. Caterall.
Bloomsburg, 1st Dist.—J. C. Brown, R. L. Runyon.
Bloomsburg, 2d Dist.—Thos. Webb, A. W. Duy.
Bloomsburg, 3rd Dist.—J. C. Wenner, Jacob Stiner, W. D. Beckley.
Blooomsburg, 4th Dist.—E. H. Harrar, W. C. Shaw.
Briarcreek—J. B. March, J. C. Sponenberger.
Catawissa boro.—B. B. Smeck, H. H. Giger, A. F. Harman, C. E. Geyer, Adam Truckenmiller.
Catawissa twp.—Henry Roberts, J. Sassaman.
Centralia 1st ward—Wm. Griffith, Louis Davis.
Centralia, 2d ward—G. W. Davis, Edward Reese.
Centre—W. F. McAllister, John S. Scott.
Cleveland—B. S. Bodine, N. A. Yocum.
Conyngham, W. N.—F. S. Fetterman, D. W. Hunnabach.
Conyngham, E. N.—Geo. George, Thos. Davis.
Conyngham, W.—Alfred Bower, Hiram Watson.
Conyngham, S. E.—Patrick Rowan, Patrick Meehan.
Conyngham, S. W.—D. W. Raudenbush, Jacob Benner.
Fishingcreek, W.—Jas. F. Trump, A. Lewis.
Fishingcreek, E.—J. M. Buckalew, P. W. Weaver.
Franklin—Jerre Kostenbauder, Alexander Lilly.
Greenwood, E.—J. W. Mather, M. J. Kline.
Greenwood W.—Elijah Lemons, W. Thomas.
Hemlock—John S. Neyhart, W. Ha tman.
Jackson—E. J. Sones, Z. A. Butt.
Locust—Aaron Yoder, C. S. W. Fox.
Madison—W. H. Greenly, Hendershott.
Main—R. John.
Millville—H. S. Christian, T. W. Henry.
Mifflin—J. I. Creasy, J. R. Wintersteen.
Montour—G. A. Mears, W. M. Monroe.
Mt. Pleasant—C. L. Sands, Hiram Crouse.
Orange—L. C. Williams, H. C. Bowman.
Pine, N.—Abram Bennett, L. H. Vitler.
Pine, S.—C. R. Parker.
Roaringcreek—I. W. Cherrington, William Hampton.
Scott, E.—F. S. Nagle, R. N. Miller.
Scott, W.—Jos. Ziegler, A. J. Townsend.
Sugarloaf, N.—Uriah Golder, J. C. Miller.
Sugarloaf, S.—S. B. Hess, Jas. Pennington.

Chairman Beckley announced the first thing in order to be the election of a permanent chairman. B. D. Freas nominated J. U. Kurtz of Berwick, and J. C. Brown nominated C. E. Geyer of Catawissa. The list of delegates was called, and resulted in the choice of Mr. Geyer by a vote of 55 to 38. This was the first blood for the Quay forces. R. L. Runyon and C. S. W. Fox were elected secretaries. At this point A. W. Lesher of Berwick, read from the rules of the Republican party on the subject of representation in the county convention, and he claimed that Catawissa borough was entitled to only three delegates, instead of five. Mr. Brown moved that the matter be referred to a committee of five, to be appointed by the chair. B. D. Freas claimed that it was not a contest, but a mistake on the part of the chairman of the county convention, and the mistake could be corrected without a committee. W. M. Monroe, J. U. Kurtz and J. C. Brown took a hand in the discussion of this question. The chair put the motion to refer to a committee and it was carried. Dr. J. C. Winner, J. S. Heiler, F. S. Nagle, Jerre Kostenbauder and J. W. Mathers were appointed on the committee. The convention took a rest while the committee deliberated, and nothing was done for about fifteen minutes. Then the committee came in and reported in favor of leaving the number of delegates as they were. They also reported that two substitutions for Roaringcreek were forged.

Election of delegates to the state convention was next in order. J. C. Brown nominated C. L. Sands, and J. U. Kurtz presented the name of Capt. Edward Reese of Centralia. He claimed that Mr. Reese had done great service for the Republican party, especially in contributing largely to the election of Congressman Kulp; that he had never asked the party for anything, and the party should at least accord him the honor of sending him to the state convention. To this Mr. Brown replied by stating that at least on two occasions he had the privilege of sitting in the state convention with Mr. Reese. The roll was called and resulted in 55 votes for Sands, and 37 for Reese. When the announcement was made, Isaiah Hagenbuch shouted "Three cheers for Matt Quay," and they were given with a will. Then Kurtz jumped up and called for three cheers for Governor Hastings, and the response was louder than those given for Quay. "Thank you, gentlemen," said Kurtz, as he sat down. Capt. Reese took the floor and made a neat speech, thanking those who supported him, and advising harmony in the party. The convention adjourned with three cheers for Sands.

Knights of the Golden Eagle.

The following are the Officers of Theta Castle, No. 276 of Bloomsburg for the ensuing six month's term.

Past Chief—G. N. Kahler; Noble Chief—Harry Rowe; Vice Chief—S. W. Shutt, High Priest—J. L. Shoemaker; Venerable Hermit—J. D. Jones; Master of Records—Guy Jacoby; Clerk of Exchequer—W. E. Shaffer; Keeper of Exchequer—C. W. Funston; Sir Herald—Harry MacBride; Worthy Bard—Mayberry Bachman; Worthy Chamberlain—David Powell; Ensign—Herbert Gerringer; Esquire—Harvey Hess; First Guardsman—Henry Knorr; Second Guardsman—John Jones; Trustees—C. T. Hendershot, G. L. Moyer, W. E. Shaffer; Representative to the Grand Castle—G. C. Roan.

Mileage books are to be issued again by the D. L. & W. but not for presentation to the conductor. The books must be given to the station agent who will take out the number of miles and issue a ticket for the same. This will prevent the abuses said to have grown up under the mileage book system.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

An adjourned court was held on Tuesday afternoon, with all the judges present. The following business was transacted:

Sale of real eslate ordered in the estates of Samuel Shive, W. E. Lutz and Richard Shannon.

Inquest awarded in estate of Sarah Hamlin, deceased.

In repetition of Mary Alice Hopper to satisfy mortgage. Prayer of petitioner refused.

Geo. Stine vs. Chas. Hughes. Certiorari. Exceptions dismissed and proceedings affirmed.

Wm. T. Creasy et al. vs. The N. & W. B. R. R. Co., et al. Damage. David Armstrong, Isaac Yost, Emanuel Kelchner, Jonathan Loreman, Jesse John, A. M. Johnson and Wellington Yeager appointed viewers to meet August 24 at 10 a. m.

In reauditor's report estate of Rebecca Breisch, deceased. Exceptions to said report dismissed and report confirmed absolute.

Mary E. Reppert vs. Wm. H. Reppert. Subpoena in divorce awarded.

Emma V. McMichael vs. James McMichael. Subpoena in divorce awarded.

The re-viewers appointed for the Mifflin bridge are S. R. Pealer, P. S. Harman and A. B. Croop.

C. C. Evans executor, vs. Susannah Hunt. Case In Equity. Issue awarded.

Commercial Travelers' Day.

In connection with the Mount Gretna Agricultural, Mechanical and Industrial Exposition, to be held in Mount Gretna Park, Lebanon county, Pa., August 19th to 24th, 1895, the management has arranged that Tuesday, August 20th, shall be Commercial Travelers' Day. The committee having charge of the arrangements has already secured several good speakers for the day, among whom are Hon. Daniel H. Hastings, Governor of Pennsylvania, Hon. William McKinley, Governor of Ohio, Hon. George E. Green, Mayor of Binghamton, N. Y., Edward Trevvett, Utica, N. Y., James D Aldrich, Detroit. Mich., R. N. Hull, Supreme Counselor, U. C. T., Cleveland, O., and John A. Lee, St. Louis, Mo.

Mount Gretna is an ideal place for a picnic. It is a magnificent domain consisting of 5000 acres of native woodland and meadow, situated in the heart of one of the highest mountains in Eastern Pennsylvania. The Park is on the line of the Cornwall & Lebanon Railroad. It is only 10 miles from Lebanon, 25 miles from Harrisburg, 100 miles from Philadelphia and 190 miles from New York.

THE CENTRALIA POOR DIRECTOR CONTEST.

Patrick J. Cain was returned as elected to the office of Poor Director, in the Conyngham and Centralia Poor District, and his election is being contested by Peter Lenahan, who alleges that the figures in the return were fraudulently altered. The petition for a contest and investigation was filed by Messrs. Barkley & Wintersteen as attorneys for Lenahan, and Messrs. Freeze and Scarlet were retained by Patrick J. Cain.

Petition, answer, bill of particulars, orders of court and appointment of a commissioner to take testimony, followed in due order. And on July 25th N. U. Funk Esq. commissioner, with Mr. Barkley, Mr. Wintersteen and Col. Freeze drove over to Centralia, where they were joined by Mr. Scarlet, and Mr. Wilhelm, the latter gentleman being retained by Lenahan.

The contestant, Lenahan, began the examination of witnesses on his side, and forty-nine were called and testified. The hearing was then continued to Wednesday, July 31st, at Centralia, when it is believed the contestant will close his case. The testimony taken related mainly to the qualification of voters, and the first step in the case relates to the conclusion of the commissioner on that point. We do not forestall that by any opinion or suggestion of our own.

There is a rumor started around town, that there are one or more places on Laurel Hill Park ground which sell intoxicating drink. The P. O. S. of A. going there on August 3, would like to remind the people of a transaction at Mountain Park last year at the time their picnic was there regarding selling intoxicating drink, the same will happen to any one who undertakes to sell the same at Laurel Hill Park on August 3. There is positively none allowed on the grounds as there have been a number of our citizens there to vouch for.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

Hiram W. Thornton spent Wednesday in town, calling on old friends.

Miss Maude Swank is visiting her brother at Lancaster.

Miss Effie Pollock, of Beach Haven, is visiting her sister Mrs. Chas. Cooper.

Mrs. J. H. Lingle and children of Bellefonte, are visiting her father's, J. H. Brower

Judge Krickbaum transacted business in town on Saturday.

Peter H. Girton of Greenwood township, spent Monday in town.

Dr. D. H. Montgomery of Mifflinville was among the visitors to town on Tuesday.

Miss Bessie Rawlings is at home again after an absence of several weeks visiting friends.

A. C. Achenbach of Orange, called at this office on Monday, and left an interesting letter from the west for publication.

Mrs. Wagner of Boston is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Wolf, and her brother, Dr. Furman.

Col. John Jameson and daughter, Miss Annie, went to Detroit on Tuesday, to visit relatives.

Mrs. I. M. Patterson and Miss Eleanor have returned from Winchester, Mass., where they spent several weeks.

Mrs. Brugler who has been visiting her relatives here for several weeks, returned to her home in New York state, on Wednesday.

Miss Annie E. Reser of Milton, formerly of Bloomsburg, spent several days in town visiting relatives and friends.

John Gordon is visiting at his father's, John N. Gordon, in Montour township. He is a railroad engineer, and lives in Missouri.

Dr. William McKelvy and family have returned to the west, after a visit of several months in Bloomsburg. He will locate at Cripple Creek, Col.

C. B. Jackson Esq. of Berwick, spent a few hours in town on Monday, but did not remain to look in on the Republican convention.

Rev. and Mrs. D. N. Kirkby accompanied the former's mother to New York on Monday. They will return this week, and Mrs. Kent, mother of Mrs. Kirkby, will come with them.

J. W. Mears and Edward J. Moyer returned from their trip to Brooklyn on their bicycles on Monday. The distance is 202 miles, and they were about thirty hours coming home.

All anxiety concerning the safety of the Waller party in the west was dissipated on Wednesday by the receipt of a telegram from L. E. Waller Esq., that the party was all safe and well. The telegram came from Livingstone, Yellowstone Park. Dr. D. J. Waller, L. E. Waller, Dr. Geo. P. Waller, David J. Waller 3rd, are in the party.

The Reformed picnic which was to have taken place on Tuesday, was abandoned. and fortunately so, for it was a stormy day.

Two business changes have been made on Market Square. H. M. Hockman of Berwick has purchased the grocery of Joseph Pardoe, and Musser & Gundrum have sold their cigar stand to Harry Wilson.

Democrats in this county must look to their laurels or the Republicans will stand at the head of the class in political "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain." On Monday two delegates got Bourbonized, and failed to appear, and both factions openly charged each other with buying delegates at fifty dollars a head. Sounds kind o' natural, doesn't it?

By a decision of the Supreme Court, handed down recently, when a veteran who is poor dies his family may bury him and the county shall stand the expense up to $50. The custom has been in some counties to bury such unfortunates by contract, let to the lowest bidder, the same as in the case of ordinary paupers. The Supreme Court said that the law intended that the old soldiers should have a decent burial, and that the county should pay a moderate expense.

Rodman Wanamaker, son of Johu Wanamaker, gave a dinner in Paris one day last week, to twenty two persons, that cost $20,000.

It was not one dinner but twenty-two independent dinners, separately served, one to each guest. Each guest had before him a whole leg of mutton, a whole salmon, truffled fowl, a basket of peaches, and a double magnum of champagne, besides bottles of wine of sacred vintage and fabulous cost. After the banquet costly jewelry was distributed to the guests, among whom were a number of young-titled Frenchmen. Waiters bore a bag from which the guests drew out sleeve buttons, cigar cases, scarf pins, &c., as souvenirs. Paris newspapers speak of the banquet as magnificent, but in bad taste.

Guess the old gentleman wasn't consulted about this little affair.

See our new Golf cap. Bicycle suits, trousers, hose, caps, belts, sweaters.

EVERY DAY

sees our selections of summer suits growing lower.

Cost price for any suit here.

$4.49 AND $6.24

for suits worth double.

25c. for 50c. straw hats. 50c. for $1, $1.25 and $1.50 wash suits. 50 and 75c. for white and colored duck vests. 25c. for 50c. summer coats.

Every boys knee pants suits at cost to close out.

Must make room for our new fall stock.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
ONE PRICE
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS & FURNISHERS
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Now is the time to buy

SUMMER CLOTHING

—AT—

LOWENBERG'S.

All men's, boys' and children's light weight suits, coats, and coats and vests will be slaughtered, sacrificed.

SOLD REGARDLESS OF COST

TO MAKE ROOM FOR ONE OF THE LARGEST LINES OF

FALL CLOTHING

EVER DISPLAYED AT

THE

D. LOWENBERG

Clothing Store.

A LAUGH IN THE CHURCH.

She sat on the sliding cushion,
The dear wee woman of four;
Her feet in their shiny slippers,
Hung dangling over the floor.
She meant to be good; she had promised;
And so, with her big brown eyes,
She stared at the meeting-house windows
And counted the crawling flies.

She looked far up at the preacher;
But she thought of the honey bees
Droning away in the blossoms
That whitened the cherry trees.
She thought of the broken basket,
Where, curled in a dusky heap,
Three sleek, round puppies, with fringy ears,
Lay snuggled and fast asleep.

Such soft, warm bodies to cuddle,
Such queer little hearts to beat,
Such swift, round tongues to kiss,
Such sprawling, cushiony feet!
She could feel in her clasping fingers
The touch of the satiny skin,
And a cold, wet nose exploring
The dimples under her chin.

Then a sudden ripple of laughter
Ran over the parted lips,
So quick that she could not catch it
With her rosy finger tips.
The people whispered, "Bless the child;"
As each one waked from a nap;
But the dear wee woman hid her face
For shame in her mother's lap.

—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A BUNCH OF DAFFODILS.

"Where are you going to spend your Easter vacation?" Little Mita made her way between property boxes and scenic shrubbery to where the contralto was waiting.

"At home, dear; I spend all my vacations at home with the children. Poor little things, it is so seldom they see their father and mother that we never let an opportunity go by for being together." The contralto's sentences, like some of her strong notes, were long, but they were as pure in thought as the notes were in expression.

"So you are going home for Easter?" Miss Jewell's step was light and they had not heard her approach. The breadth of carpet spread from her dressing-room to the stage to spare her dainty gowns and white shoes deadened the sound of her footsteps. Her question was an idle one, asked solely for the sake of saying something to the contralto, whom she liked.

"Yes, I was saying to Mita that the children hardly know they have a father and mother. It always seems a pity to me that parents and children should be parted, though of course it is necessary sometimes."

There was a careless smile on Miss Jewell's lips as she came from her dressing room. She knew that the audiency was anxiously waiting for her to make her appearance; she knew just how the applause would ring out when the curtain went down and how an usher would come down the aisle bearing a bouquet of her favorite roses, or, perhaps, a basket heaped with purple and white violets. She loved the flowers, she was proud of the applause and she had a child's fondness for the color and light that were always about her.

"Where will you spend your holiday, Miss Jewell?"

It was Mita's question. One always forgave Mita for asking questions on matters that could not possibly interest her; she was such a childish creature.

"I have not made any arrangements; I shall probably stay in town." A rather thoughtful expression came to Miss Jewell's face, for she remembered a letter she had received only that morning from a little town among the hills.

"My daughter," the letter ran, "your father and I would like to see you. I hope we may soon."

Who but a mother could write like that?

She had folded the note and put it away in her desk. It would be impossible for her to go to Dale for the short vacation of Easter week, and she knew it would be almost impossible to get away from Dale after a stay of only a day or two. And then the Allyns had asked her to accompany them to Old Point, and he had made up her mind if they insisted she would go.

It had been a long time since Alice Jewell had paid a visit to Dale. Last summer she had been in the West; one week's vacation last winter had been spent in New York shopping; summer before last she had been yachting with the Bainbridge-Gladstones. In one way and another it had been three years since she had felt the clasp of home hands and received the warm kiss of those who loved her best and whose pride she was. To be sure, papers with notices were always sent home; each birthday and holiday was marked by appropriate gifts; the father had a warm coat for Christmas and the mother a shell comb and the other trifles that mothers love, but the daughter's presence had been lacking.

The audience was waiting for the fair singer's appearance. The basso and contralto had sung their song and little Mita had added her bit of color to the scene; then the gracious beautiful singer came softly on in her creamy robes and was singing her song as the lark sings as he rises up and up from the meadow in earliest morning. Triumphant in its strength her voice rang out, and when the curtain ran down the applause arose, sounding to those behind the scenes like the snapping of a brisk fire in underbrush.

The curtain slowly rolled up and an usher glided down the aisle, as she knew he would, and the leader leaned forward with her bouquet in his hand. Then as the applause continued the leader tapped the stand with his baton and the first violin took up the air of the song she had sung, and she repeated the refrain and the curtain went again, with her standing there with the flowers in her arms. They were not roses this time, nor violets fresh as if rain-washed, but great, yellow daffodils, creamy at the tips of the petals and deepening to the richest yellow in their cup-like hearts and exhaling an odor like nothing else upon this earth—a combination of springtime scents, a suggestion of cowslips and springing grass blades, on damp moss in the woods. Holding the flowers in her arms, she passed back to her dressing room.

She pushed aside the articles on the shelf under her mirror and laid the flowers there. It had been her wont to fasten some of the blossoms she received each night in her dress and hair. Some one out there in the audience had sent her flowers every evening for weeks and had stayed on this side of the water long after he was due in political circles at home, waiting to take the fair girl's promise back with him, but she delayed long in giving it.

She pulled a few long-stemmed blossoms from the bunch and held them in her hand looking at them. It had been a long time since she had held daffodils in her hands. They were the flowers that hedged the garden path leading down to the street from that little cottage in Dale. When the last snow was melting under the hemlocks in the ravine in the spring it was time for the "daffys" to be in bud, the little, sharp points of green that stand like lances to grow and swell and burst into rich bloom.

They were the first flowers her childish fingers gathered; they were the flowers that always decked the table on her birthday. She remembered with a start that the day after to-morrow was her birthday. She had quite forgotten it until now.

There is something that comes to one at times; one is not conscious of its approach until it is an actual presence. Some call it sentiment, but whatever it is it was surely designed by all-wise Providence to touch and redeem the heart when it becomes world-hardened purse-proud, selfish and forgetful. The blase man of the world will sneer at his fellow-men and will pick up a tramp on the corner and take him where he can get a hearty supper. The modern Shylock, holding his purse strings with fingers of steel, will put a coin into a begger child's hand because she has eyes like some one he once knew. These yellow flowers, fresh as if just plucked in the prettiest garden in Dale, brought back sweet memories to Alice Jewell and old-time acquaintances as if she had met them face to face.

She remembered how the little mother would say when there were guests at the cottage: "Alice, get some flowers for the table." And on Sunday morning before church, they always made a tour of the garden to see what roses were in blossom, what flowers were budding and how long it would be before the "cups and saucers" and emperor pansies would be in bloom.

She and Walter Hale, the boy who lived next door, and sown pansy seeds in the autumn under the north windows and had gathered the blossoms in the spring when they were children. Walter was so fond of flowers and of her. Then when they were older he came to sing with her, and when she left home they had written to each other often. He was a student then in a distant city, but he said in one of his letters: "As soon as my graduation is over I am coming to the city to hear you sing." He was a full-fledged M. D. and he told her her mother was failing and had grown very old in these past two years.

"I think it would do her good if you would go home once, Alice," he had said, and she had answered that it was impossible then. She had promised to go with some one to the seaside.

He had looked very grave and seemed disappointed. He reminded her then of a promise she had made him, but he said: "I do not expect you to keep it, Alice. Good fortune has come to you in such a way that you cannot leave it to become a village doctor's wife, but it was the hope of my life and my spurs in college days." She felt rather piqued at his giving her up so easily, and when he left the city and sent her only a formal note of good-by, she had cried, a little and her eyes were misty now.

Strange, what a train of thought these few flowers led to! Then she remembered the letter she had received this morning. In that her mother had spoken of Dr. Hale, and said he was living alone in the old home with only Nancy, the old housekeeper, for company. The plea of her mother for presence stung her. Self-reproach is a bitter thing, but happy is the one to whom it does not come too late.

Her dressing room was filled now with the peculiar odor of the flowers; the call-boy had knocked twice. In another moment the stage would be waiting. She touched the flowers caressingly and then laid them down, and in the moment that she was crossing from her dressing room to the stage she made the great resolve of her lifetime.

There was a dark man in the audience, who was deeply disappointed when he saw she was not wearing his flowers. He called her a coquette and felt that she was trifling with him. She gave no glances in his direction, and as she entered her carriage after the performance a note was handed to her. The writer was sorry he had made such a miserable choice of flowers this evening, as they were the last he would have an opportunity of sending; he must sail in a day or two. Would she kindly honor him on the morrow with a few moments' time that he might receive her definite answer? This, he thought, would settle the matter. When she found he was really going she would not let him slip through her fingers.

She read the note by the shaded light on her desk when she reached home. Her white cloak was still about her shoulders as she took up her dainty silver pen to answer it.

"You never sent me flowers that touched me so much," she wrote. "Daffodils are my favorites, and I shall keep this bunch always. I am sorry that I will not see you again, for by the time you receive this I shall be out of town. I am going to take a long vacation. I wish you bon voyage and good-by."

She felt that it was little to say, after he had been so kind, but it was better so. Another little note went to Mrs. Allyn:

"It will be impossible for me to accept your kind invitation to accompany you to Old Point. Another engagement will prevent."

Then she read over the letter again, begining, "My Daughter." Between the lines she could read all the longing and all the love and the tenderness, and she kissed the page where her tears were dropping, and she said, "Never mind, little mother, I am coming."

She would not let them know; she would walk in upon them when they least expected her, just in time for her birthday dinner. She wondered if Walter would be there. She supposed he was busy; then a sudden resolve seized her and she took up her pen again and wrote: "My birthday is the day after to-morrow. I am coming home for awhile. I do not know how long I shall stay—perhaps as long as you all care to keep me. Will you help me gather Easter posies for the table as you used to do?"

She folded the note and sealed it with her dainty monogram and addressed it in her bold, dashing hand to "Dr. Walter Hale."

And then when the maid had taken the letters to be posted, womanlike, she rested her head upon her desk and cried as if her heart would break. With those tears she washed away all the ambition, selfish in its intensity, that had compassed her round, and when she raised her face it shone with a peace and humbleness as if "the voice that breathed peace to the waves of the sea," had spoken to her and she had heard.—Exchange.

To Telephone to the Moon

An electrician has expressed his belief that telephoning to the moon is within the bounds of possibility. He argues that the ether which binds the planets together with an iron hand is, while firm and solid, infinitely elastic, an ideal medium for the transmission of vibrations. The vibrations which constitute light come to us from the sun in eight minutes, travelling at the rate of 192,000 miles a second. It is possible to produce waves moving at this enormous velocity by electrical means. A pulsation of electricity causes an ether wave, and in the telephone the movement of infinitely small waves produced by ether disturbance spread out into space, radiating further and further in gigantic circles until swallowed up in its immensity, like ripples on the ocean. If an iron mass be in the vicinity of these pulsations it will give out a buzz or hum, as shown in the passage of a current through some systems of street lighting apparatus for the transformation of high to low pressure. The moon undoubtedly contains its proportionate amount of iron, and therefore the theory is advanced that if we can send electrical pulsations to the moon, we can make things hum on its rugged surface. Such an experiment would involve "the use of a gigantic coil, mounted vertically, with its axis in line with the moon." The projector of the scheme adds: "If lives exist upon the lunar surface, if the murmur from the earth be heard, they will listen with sadness; they will feel that utter despair that brooks no consolation and stretches out its arms in vain." It is to be hoped they would not take on in that way; it would be poor thanks to the man who built the gigantic coil.—New York Times.

Origin of Hokey Pokey.

It is an actual fact that old ice cream is bought up by Italians and venders from restaurants and ice cream stands, frozen a second and third time, and again offered for sale, to be consumed by the newsboys and general public under the alluring title of hokey pokey. Almost every night these venders make the rounds of all the hotels, and buy up whatever has been left over from the day previous. This cream has all melted more or less to its original consistency and if it is still frozen when they get it there is little left but fluid by the time it has reached Brooklyn and the Italian quarter.

This melting process is the cause of all the danger. Cream once having been frozen and again melted very readily turns sour. In this stage it is poisonous. The vender of hokey pokey cares little whether or not the cream is sour. Quickly upon his return to his quarters he freezes all this mush, and packs it away for the next day's use.

The few cases of poisoning that have come to the public notice are in all probability not the only ones that have occurred, for physicians say that many cases of poisoning have occurred in the districts where the hokey pokey venders are that could not be accounted for, because of the suddenness of death.

It has generally been understood that certain establishments are putting out large quantities of hokey pokey and supplying the venders, but this is not so. The Italians and their families are the only ones who manufacture and cater to the consumers.—New York Herald.

What She Wanted.

"I swear——" he cried, passionately.

"Don't," she interrupted. "It's wrong to swear."

"Why mock me?" he asked bitterly. "I am old, it is true, but I love you fondly, truly, devotedly."

"Prove it," she said coldly. "I am young and beautiful, and have had many men at my feet—young men in the flush of manhood. You are old enough to——"

"Stay!" he cried. "Do not think of my age! Think only of my love! Think of all I would do for you, all I would give to——"

"What would you give?" she interrupted.

"Anything, everything. I would give my life——"

"I don't want it."

"What more can I do? What would you have?"

"Well, I was thinking of your insurance. How much is it?"

Then he knew that she was not for him; that there was something about the heart he had been after that made it resemble an automatic lightning calculator, and he went sadly out into the cold world, although the thermometer registered 95.—Chicago Evening Post.

Women May Get Shoes Shined.

The new woman will not black her own shoes. No one has discovered that quicker than the bootblacks. Accordingly a sign new to the streets is springing up in various part of the city. One in outline is in process of construction on a basement window in Wabash avenue. It reads: "Ladies' Shoe Polishing a Specialty." Down below stairs cushioned chairs stand in a row on a white marble rostrum. Dainty brass footrests are placed in front of the chairs and the whole is concealed from the male portion of the establishment by a fancy Japanese screen. The place is not far from the Woman's Club and is near the Woman's Exchange, the Noonday Rest, and the new Suburban Club for women, and promises to do a good trade.—Chicago Tribune.

Always the Same.

The new woman! Nonsense! Let her rig herself up as she pleases, let her talk as she will, she is and will always be the same dear old girl.—New York Sun.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

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Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

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"Thrift is a good revenue." Great saving results from cleanliness and

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Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

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11-19-

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(INCORPORATED.)

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Shares $1.00 each, Full Paid and Non-Assessable.

(Issued in payment for this Company's Mines.)

General Offices, 712-713 National Bank of Commerce Building, Broadway and Oliver St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

TREASURY RESERVE STOCK, $300,000.

In Shares of $1.00 Each, Full-Paid and Non-Assessable.

GOLD.

Controls a Rich Group of Ten Gold Mines,

Located in Carson Mining District,

Owyhee County, Idaho; a district which has produced

OVER $40,000,000.00.

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Victor Nussbaum, Merchant Tailor, Cleveland Ohio.
J. H. Rhoades, of Rhoades, Kenney & Spence, Hartford City, Ind.
Three other Directors reside at the Mines.
TREASURER AND TRANSFER AGENT—The Guarantee Loan and Mortgage Co., (AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, $1,500,000), St. Louis.

The Mines are PRODUCERS, and will be Worked for Dividends.

A limited number of shares of the Company's Treasury Stock will now be sold to first applicants, in the order received, at the price of

12½ CENTS A SHARE.

Certain to advance and yield ten to hundred fold and over, on this price.

A SMALL JUDICIOUS INVESTMENT OFTEN BRINGS A FORTUNE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY. The stock will be listed, and price advance rapidly. The Company's consolidated mines have very large Ore Reserves. It is desired to erect a Stamp Mill, to reduce the Company's ore to Bullion.

THE OUT PUT of Company's Mines will be increased to the DIVIDEND BASIS, as fully demonstrated by Reports and Statements on file. Complete Reports and Statements sent on application.

AGENTS! We want several good agents. Will pay LARGE CASH COMMISSIONS and some Stock, on which DIVIDENDS will be GUARANTEED.

Address application for shares to Treasurer South Central Consolidated Gold Mining and Milling Co., 712 & 712 National Bank of Commerce Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

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AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

Crown Acme,

The best burning oil that can be made from petroleum.

It gives a brilliant light. It will not smoke the chimneys. It will not char the wick. It has a high fire test. It will not explode. It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.

We Challenge Comparison with any other illuminating oil made.

We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is

The Best Oil IN THE WORLD.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR.

CROWN - ACME

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,

BLOOMSBURG STATION,

BLOOMSBURG, PA

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$ .18
Eggs per dozen	.16
Lard per lb	.12½
Ham per pound	.12½
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07 to .10
Wheat per bushel	.80
Oats " "	.45
Rye " "	.65
Wheat flour per bbl	4.20
Hay per ton	8.00
Potatoes per bushel,	.80
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to .30
Tallow per lb	.4½
Shoulder " "	.11
Side meat " "	.10
Vinegar, per qt	.07
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.14
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.80
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.75
Corn meal, cwt	2.00
Bran, "	1.20
Chop "	1.35
Middlings "	1.25
Chickens per lb new	.12
" " " old	.22
Turkeys " "	.15
Geese " "	.10
Ducks " "	.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

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Get a Glass! Quick!

There's lots of snap and vim in this HIRES' ROOTBEER. There's lots of pleasure and good health in it, too. A delicious drink, a temperance drink, a homemade drink, a drink that delights the old and young. Be sure and get the genuine

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6-141

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(Segendorph's Patent.)

Lightning, Fire and Storm Proof

Send for [illegible] The Penn Iron Roofing and Corrugating Co., Phila., Pa.

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SILVER DEBATE ENDED.

Final Utterances in the Great Financial Controversy.

OUR NATION'S SILVER PRODUCT.

Both Disputants Agree That It Is Small in Comparison with the Wealth of the World—Mr. Horr Says Free Silver Would Drive Gold from the Land.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The last day of the Horr-Harvey debate opened yesterday afternoon. The day's attack was directed at the question of the feasibility of independent action by the United States for the remonetization of silver and its free and unlimited coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1 with gold, regardless of the acts of other nations, Mr. Harvey arguing for such action, Mr. Horr against it.

Mr. Harvey presented a table showing the coinage of gold and silver from 1792 to 1878. He did this to show that gold did not seek the mints for the first fifty years of the nation, and that silver did not from that time till 1873.

Mr. Horr declared it was useless to try and fix the relative value of any two substances by legislation. The law of supply and demand stepped in there, and the history of the world's legislation showed that it was impossible to maintain a fixed ratio between the precious metals.

Mr. Harvey said that gold was irregularly produced and was hoarded by the few rich. Silver, on the contrary, when more valuable than gold, was hoarded by the mass of the people, thereby conferring a general benefit. It was for this reason that silver had been a more stable metal in the past than gold.

Referring to Mr. Harvey's statement that the remonetization of silver would

WILLIAM H. HARVEY.

reduce debts by one-half, Mr. Horr said that by far the largest part of the debts in the United States were less than one year old. The short time debts were contracted under the exporting gold basis, and to reduce them one-half would be to repudiate that one-half.

Mr. Harvey said the gold advocates feared that debts contracted in gold would be paid in silver, and the man who had stipulated to pay in gold would have to buy it at a premium. This was fallacious. If at the next general election a bimetallic congress should be elected, the rubicon would be passed the next day. Silver would at once begin to appreciate and gold to depreciate, but it would be at a parity before the meeting of congress.

Mr. Horr said that the savings bank depositors had $1,712,000,000 on deposit, which it was proposed to cut in two. Building and loan associations had 1,725,000 depositors, with an aggregate of $525,852,000 due them. In addition to these were the trust companies, life insurance companies and state banks, all of which were to be allowed to pay in depreciate money. All of this for the benefit of 20,000 silver men. Why, their output was not worth half as much as the eggs yearly laid by the hens of the United States, and was about equal in value to the peanut crop. But the worst feature, he asserted, would be the destruction of all credit. It would bring about the worst panic the nation ever saw.

Mr. Harvey thanked Mr. Horr for the illustration as to the small amount of sil-

ROSWELL G. HORR.

ver in the United States. That was the claim of the silver men. There was no danger but that the demands would soon absorb it. The nation could take all the silver which nations of the world would bring to us in exchange for products in a single year.

Mr. Horr, in turn, said he spoke before not of the quality of silver in the country in comparison with eggs, but of the annual output of silver. There was a considerable difference in the staying qualities of silver and of eggs.

The trouble, Mr. Horr declared, was that with free silver coinage gold would leave the country and our business would be on a basis different from the rest of the world.

Mr. Harvey declared he was in favor of independent action by this country because it would right a great wrong.

Mr. Horr then proceeded to argue in behalf of the single standard of money, saying that the stability was its chief merit, and a stable measure could not be maintained with two standards. Gold, he said, was the standard of the world, and had come to stay.

Turning to Mr. Harvey, Mr. Horr said he wanted to reciprocate the courtesy of Mr. Harvey in presenting him (Mr. Horr) with a silver dollar. Mr. Horr said he proposed to present Mr. Harvey with two coins of different metals, because Mr. Harvey was a bimetallist. Mr. Horr then handed over two Chinese coins, one of silver worth twenty cents, and one of copper worth one mill, and proceeded to say that the nation which struck these coins had a silver standard. Its laborers were paid $3 per month; its people did not ride in carriages; its civilization had gone to sleep. The silver coin presented him by Mr. Harvey was struck by a progressive nation. It

MRS. CONNER'S MURDER

Further Evidence to Fasten the Crime on H. H. Holmes.

IMPORTANT LETTERS DISCOVERED.

Holmes Wrote Letters to the Dead Woman's Relatives to Deceive Them as to Her Whereabouts—The Prisoner Will be Tried for Murder in Philadelphia.

CHICAGO, July 26.—More proof was found yesterday that Julia L. Conner is dead, and that she was made away with by H. H. Holmes. It was determined that she disappeared before June 9, 1892—an important factor in the search for her. As late as November, 1892, Holmes, as shown by the letters which have been found, was writing her parents as to her whereabouts, and stating that she had gone to St. Louis. But on June 5, 1893, he wrote to her brother-in-law, Ira Yantis, of Waukesha, Wis., giving him a fictitious address as to her whereabouts in St. Louis. Yantis wrote back to Holmes on June 9, and this letter was found on Wednesday.

At that time Yantis had no suspicion that Holmes had made away with his sister-in-law, and supposed him to be her friend. This letter was written three weeks before the one in which I. L. Conner accused Holmes of breaking faith with him. The later letter refers to his daughter Pearl. From this it would appear that Mrs. Conner was killed first and the child afterwards.

I. L. Conner, the husband of Julia L. Conner and the father of Pearl Conner, both of whom are thought to have been murdered by Holmes, was in Chicago yesterday, and The Inter-Ocean today publishes a long interview with him. He has no positive proof that Holmes killed his wife and child, but says he believes such to be the case. He does not know when the crime was committed, but thinks it was done in this city. Conner's story contains practically nothing but what has been published.

Last evening two well dressed women called on Chief Radenoch and told him that a 16-year-old girl, a daughter of wealthy and respectable parents, had become acquainted with Holmes during the fall of 1893, and afterwards disappeared. Now that Holmes' crimes have been exposed her parents believe that their daughter was one of his victims. Chief Radenoch will investigate their story. Until he has fully corroborated it, however, he says he will not disclose the girl's name.

Holmes to be Tried in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—District Attorney Graham decisively announced this morning that H. H. Holmes will be tried in this city for the murder of Benjamin F. Pitezel in the Callowhill street house. In view of the fact that the district attorney has said that Holmes would be tried wherever the strongest case could be made out against him, it is believed that the authorities here have recently learned more important details of the crime, which insure the accused man's conviction. Information as to whether or not this supposition is correct was refused.

The Youthful Matricide Held.

LONDON, July 26.—Robert and Nathaniel Coombes, aged respectively 13 and 11 years, who murdered their mother about three weeks ago by stabbing her while she was asleep, and lived ten days in the house with her decomposing body, were arraigned in the police court yesterday. The evidence developed that the elder boy, Robert, did the stabbing and the magistrate committed him and the half witted man, Fox, who was arrested with the boys, for trial on the charge of murder, and held Nathaniel as a witness.

Negro Colonists Starving.

EL PASO, Tex., July 26.—Parties from Mexico report sickening and fatal destitution among the negro colony near Mapimi. Two hundred who escaped are all but starved. Of 400 or 500 left in the colony 300 have smallpox. Fugitives are shunned by Mexicans and driven from settlements. There is frightful mortality among them.

Taylor Brothers Again on Trial.

CARROLLTON, Mo., July 26.—The second trial of W. P. Taylor and George E. Taylor, for the horrible murder of the Meeks family, near Browning, on the night of May 10, 1894, began here yesterday. There are 400 witnesses in the case, and they are about equally divided between the two sides.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The stock market was irregular again today. Some of yesterday's losses were recovered, and in several instances slight gains were made on the day's transactions, but a majority of the stocks dealt in closed at declines from the final figures of last evening. Closing bids:

Del. & Hudson	130	N. Y. Central	101¼
D., L. & W.	161½	N. Y. & N. E.	54
Erie	9⅞	Pennsylvania	54¼
Lake Erie & W.	27½	Reading	17⅜
Lehigh Nav.	48	St. Paul	60¾
Lehigh Valley	58	W. N. Y. & Pa.	4
New Jersey Cen.	102¼	West Shore	—

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, July 25.—Flour quiet; winter superfine, $2.50@2.65; winter extras, $2.70@2.90; No. 2 winter family, $2.90@3.10; Pennsylvania roller, clear, old, $3.25@3.50; Pennsylvania roller, straight, old, $3.50@3.70; western winter, clear, old, $3.25@3.50. Wheat weak, lower, with 72¾c. bid and 72¾c. asked for July. Corn unsettled, low, with 48¾c. bid and 49c. asked for July. Oats quiet, easier, with 31¼c. bid and 32c. asked for July. Hay strong, higher; choice timothy, $17@17.50. Beef easy; family, $10.50@12.50; extra mess, $7.50@8; beef hams, $18@18.50. Pork steady. Lard weak; western, $6.65; city, $6.25@6.37½. Butter firm; New York creamery, 17¼c.; western dairy, 9½@13c.; western creamery, 13@17½c.; western factory, 8½@12¼c. Eggs, 17¼c.; imitation creamery, 11@14c.; New York dairy, 11@16½c.; Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, fancy, 20c.; exceptional lots higher; do. fair to choice, 17@19c.; prints jobbing at 21@24c. Cheese steady; New York large, 8@7¾c.; small fancy, 8½@8¾c.; part skims, 2@5¼c.; full skims, 1½@1¾c. Eggs quiet; New York and Pennsylvania, 13½@14c.; western fresh, 12½@13¼c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 25.—European cables quote American steers at 11@11¼c., dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7½@9c. Calves slow, weak; poor to prime veals, $3.50@6.25; buttermilk calves, $2.25@3. Sheep easy, lambs steady; poor to prime sheep, $1.50@3.75; common to choice lambs, $3@5.50. Hogs easier at $5.20@5.40.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., July 25.—Cattle dull; prime, $5.25@5.40; butchers, $4@4.20; bulls, cows and stags, $1.75@3.50. Hogs very slow, nothing selling; $5.45@5.49 for all grades. Sheep and lambs quiet; lower; extra, $3.20@3.40; fair to good, $1.40@2.00; common, 50c.@$1; spring, $3@4.50; veal calves, $4.50@5.50.

THE STRIKING TAILORS.

Both Sides Determined—Sixteen Thousand Workers Already Out.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The strike of the Brotherhood of Tailors is in full swing. Sixteen thousand hands are out, and of the total number on strike 8,000 were until Sunday morning employed in this city. Meyer Schoenfeld, the general organizer of the United Garment Workers, who led the Brotherhood of Tailors in their successful strike last fall, is directing the strikers' movement, and is sanguine of success.

"The strike was forced upon us," said Mr. Schoenfeld, "but we will win, as we did last year. We then agreed to a week of sixty hours, with a minimum scale of wages ranging from $9 to $15 a week. We now demand a fifty-nine hour week, as all our men are Hebrews, and we require an hour on Friday night to do necessary shopping to prepare for the due observance of our Sabbath. Our men in Chicago, Baltimore and Boston will also strike, and insist on the same hours as we do."

The strikers are most determined, the women, who number a third of those now unemployed, being as steadfast in their refusal to go back to task work as the men.

The Clothing Contractors' Mutual Protective association held a meeting last evening, at which 350 contractors were present. Resolutions were adopted, consenting to accede to the demand of a fifty-nine hours' week, provided the contractors be in a position to judge who are entitled to the existing scale of wages, and also declining to allow walking delegates to interfere with the operatives.

Secretary Witkowsky, of the contractors' association, denies that the men were locked out. He says the brotherhood is responsible for the strike. "We have," he said, "been always willing to meet the men half way, but we cannot accede to the demands they now make."

A meeting of the garment trades council of the Knights of Labor, composed of fifteen local assemblies, was also held. Afterwards the secretary, Abraham Kuntz, made a statement regarding the policy of the council. Its members say frankly that they distrust the leaders of the brotherhood, and want nothing to do with them, but if necessary they also will go out to help the strike along, and to enforce the agreement of last July.

A Knight of Labor began an argument with a number of the strikers in a saloon adjoining Walhalla hall. He was at once set upon and badly beaten.

A small riot also occurred outside the tailor shop of Jacobs & Sons, Grand and Orchard streets, where several non-union men are employed. The strikers threatened to do up the "bosa" and the "semba." When their manifestations of violence became apparent they were driven off by the police.

The striking tailors of Brooklyn met to determine what course to pursue, and expressed their determination to remain out until the master tailors granted their demands. About 1,000 strikers assembled on Siegel street and paraded through that thoroughfare. They stopped in front of several boss tailor shops and tried to induce those who had not already joined to come out. They were generally successful. There was some rioting yesterday, and several non-unionists were severely beaten.

Many Governors to Meet.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Chickamauga park commission has received notice of the contemplated attendance of twenty governors of the states with their staffs at the dedication Sept. 18, 19 and 20. Most of these will be accompanied besides by leading elective officers of the state governments and representatives of the legislatures. The state commissions of twenty-six states are also expected. The twenty governors concerning which this information has been received are Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Vermont, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee and South Carolina.

Advance in Welsh Tinworkers' Wages.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Consul Anthony Howells, located at Cardiff, has furnished the state department a report of the tin plate trade of South Wales. Mr. Howells says that this trade is emerging from a crisis which had reached an acute stage on the first day of this month, when the notice to terminate contracts on the part of the men expired and work was consequently suspended at nearly all the mills. The demand made was for a restoration of the former wage scale, which was vitually conceded, resulting in an increase in wages of from 10 to 22½ per cent.

Forest Fires in Michigan Again.

GLADSTONE, July 30.—Extensive forest fires are raging to the northwest of this city, and considerable apprehension is felt for the "Soo" Railroad company's round house and the plant of the Washboard company. A strong gale is blowing from the northwest, and unless it stops soon, or shifts, considerable property will be destroyed, as much of it lies beyond the reach of the city water plant. It is feared that it will reach the farms, in which case much suffering will be caused.

The Defender Still Leads.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., July 30.—The annual cruise of the New York Yacht club was begun yesterday with a run from Glen Cove to this place, and there were many pretty races on the way. The chief interest centered in the contests between Defender and Vigilant, which form part of the fleet. Although it was clearly Vigilant weather, the new yacht again showed her superiority on every "tack."

Fatal Street Fight in Reading.

READING, Pa., July 29.—Charles Williams, aged 36, and Philip Wedner, 26, had a street fight here yesterday during which Williams cut Wedner in the abdomen so badly that his intestines protruded. He will probably die. Williams claims the cutting was done in self defense, but this is denied by eye witnesses. The fight was the result of an old grudge.

To Push the Panama Canal.

COLON, Colombia, July 30.—According to present indications work on the Panama canal is going to be pushed with vigor. A director of the canal has announced that 5,000 laborers are required for work on the incompleted interoceanic waterway, and that the wages to be paid are $1.20 in Colombia currency per day.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

A new Chilean ministry has been formed under the presidency of Manuel Recabarren.

A national convention of representative colored men will be held in Baltimore Oct. 9 to discuss matters of interest to the race.

NEW YORK'S DRY SPELL.

THE POLICE SAY NEXT SUNDAY WILL BE THE DRYEST EVER SEEN IN THAT CITY.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The city vigilance committee having published the statement that on last Sunday fully 50 per cent. of the saloons in this city did business, free from police interference, Commissioner Roosevelt said to day that the excise law was being vigorously enforced. Police Captain Westervelt, in whose district it was said the law was more openly disregarded than elsewhere in the city, said that his district was as dry as it was possible to make it last Sunday, but that he would eventually have it dryer. He added that he had secured the aid of private citizens in the discovery of violations of the law and that he believed that the same system would be adopted in all of the precincts next Sunday and that it would be the dryest day that the city has ever seen. He denied absolutely that fifty per cent. of the saloonkeepers did business in the precinct last Sunday.

When a person is losing flesh and wasting away there is cause for alarm. Nothing so worries a physician. Consumptives would never die if they could regain their usual weight. In fact there would be no consumption if there were no wasting of the system. The cause of this loss of flesh is a failure to properly digest the food eaten. Nine tenths of all our diseases date back to some derangement of the stomach.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial will stop this wasting of the body. It acts by causing the food we eat to be digested so as to do good, for undigested food does more harm than good. The Cordial contains food already digested and a digester of foods as well.

Every mother hates to make her children take Castor Oil. Laxol is sweet Castor Oil.

The Japs as Jokers.

The Japanese are a very polite people, but they sometimes like to play a joke in a roundabout Oriental way upon the men in the West. In the days of the Second Empire Baron Gros was sent to Japan to demand the opening of certain ports to French commerce. Among the rest he named to the Japanese Ministers a certain city. The Japanese functionaries smiled so broadly when he preferred the request that the French Ambassador asked them to tell him what gave them so much amusement, but instead of answering the Japanese Ministers said:

"We will open the port in question, my lord, if France in turn will open a certain port to us."

"What port is that?" asked the Frenchman.

"The port of Liverpool."

"But, you excellencies"—laughing—"Liverpool is not a French port, but an English one."

"Yes," answered the Japanese, "and the port you named is not in Japan, but in Corea."

The French Ambassador was compelled to admit the joke was against him.—Tid-Bits.

The Fish First.

A Scotch laird recently invited an English friend to stay with him for some fishing. One day the Englishman, who was a novice at the sport, hooked a fine salmon, and, in his excitement, slipped and fell into the river.

The keeper, seeing that he was no swimmer, hooked on to him with the gaff, and was about to drag him ashore when the laird called out:

"What air ye about, Donald? Get haud o' the rod and look to the fash. Ma friend can bide a wee, but the fash winna!"

Over Generous.

Mrs. Mullaney—Sure, mum, there isn't much chance av a merry Christmas fer a woman as has siven childer an' no husband an' not a blissed cint in the house.

Mrs. Westend (impulsively)—No husband! Oh, you poor thing! I wish I could give you mine!—Smith & Gray.

Three Wants.

"Reason's whole pleasure, all the joys of sense,
Live in three words, health, peace, and competence."

So says the poet. Competence counts for little when one is sick, and peace is disturbed when health is upset, so that the poet rightly places health first. To have good health you must have pure blood. From the blood the system receives all the material of growth and repair. The best blood-purifier is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which is world-famed and sold everywhere. It is a sovereign remedy for all diseases due to impoverished or impure blood, as consumption, bronchitis, weak lungs, scrofula, old sores, skin diseases, and kindred ailments.

Delicate diseases of either sex, however induced, promptly, thoroughly and permanently cured. Send 10 cents in stamps for large illustrated treatise, sent securely sealed in plain envelope. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo N. Y.

Matilda Enham, Columbia, Pa., says:

"That Bearing-Down Feeling and dizzy, faint, gasping attacks left me as soon as I began to take *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound. I was sick with womb troubles so long I thought I never could get well."

DR. MacTAGGART,

THE NOTED

Specialist

OF PENNSYLVANIA, IN

LONG STANDING CHRONIC CASES AND DISEASES OF WOMEN,

—) OF (—

HARRISBURG, - PA.

227 Herr St., between 3d and 3d Sts.,

Where he can be seen five days in the week, viz: Thursday, Friday, Saturday, (Sunday from 1 to 4 P. M.,) and Mondays.

WILL VISIT

BLOOMSBURG,

AT THE

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

ON TUESDAY OF EACH WEEK.

OFFICE HOURS—Office hours will be from 8:30 to 11:30 in the morning. From 1 o'clock to 4 in the afternoon, and from 7 to 9 in the evening, excepting Sunday.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Many years' experience has taught him that nearly all ailments can be cured or greatly helped. The diseases he treats are Consumption, all Bronchial Affections, Loss of Manhood, Crooked Limbs, Wry Necks, Barrenness, Scrofula Salt Rheum, Syphilis, Eye and Ear Diseases, Skin Diseases, Neuralgia, Bright's Disease, Ulcers and Old Sores of every description, Rheumatism, either acute or chronic, Sick Headache, Epilepsy, Gastritis, Congestion, Canker, Tonsilitis, Deafness, St. Vitus' Dance, Impediment of Speech, Loss of Voice, Stuttering, Cancer of the Stomach, Piles, Jaundice, Constipation, Biliousness, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chills and Fever, Fistula, Bilious Colic, Paralysis, Heart Disease, Intestinal Worms and Liver Complaints.

However, it must be remembered that he will not undertake to treat all cases, *but only those* which he is positive can be cured or greatly relieved, and will tell you at once which, *if either*, can be accomplished.

DR. MacTAGGART is the only specialist this side of New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo, who makes an exclusive specialty of treating Chronic Cases and the Diseases of Women. Those who have been suffering for years should call at once and learn whether their ailment can be cured or not. No cases received unless they can be cured or greatly helped.

What Dr. MacTaggart

HAS DONE AND IS DOING.

The Doctor wishes the public to understand that he is not soliciting the ordinary run of cases, but desires just such diseases to treat that other physicians cannot succeed with or at least fail to cure. When you suffer from such *consult* HIM (consultation is free), have him thoroughly diagnose your case, and then what he tells you can be relied upon as a fact beyond refutation. Some may say, "Why go to Dr. MacTaggart when we have as good doctors here as anywhere?" Yes, so you have in their line of practice, but *not* in those specialties that Dr. MacTaggart is schooled and practiced in. In support of this unqualified assertion read his testimonials—not only read them, but investigate the truthfulness of them. Where are the physicians who can remove cancers without pain and cure it beyond peradventure? He does it. Where can you find another physician in Pennsylvania who can remove tumors of even 60 pounds weight without the use of the knife, without pain, and without leaving a scar? Dr. MacTaggart does it. What physician can cure fistulas without cutting or causing the least pain or soreness during treatment? Dr. MacTaggart does it successfully. These are golden truths—*golden* because it proves beyond dispute that the science of medicine in specialties particularly, is advancing with rapid strides far in the lead of the regular practioner. 1-18-1y.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May, 12, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.55 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.25 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 5.00 6.34 p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.55 a. m., 12.20, 3.25 5.00, 6.34, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via P. & R. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7 27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.28 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.
Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.
Leave Tamaqua 1.30 a. m.,
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.27, 6.15.
Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 12.06 1.37, 3.36, 6.23.

FOR ATLANTIC CITY.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.45 a. m., (Saturdays only 1.30), 2.00, 3.00, 3.40, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.40 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.30, 6.30 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train 7.00 a. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 7.30, 8.00, 8.30, 9.00, 10.00 a. m., 4.45 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train 7 a. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, (Mondays only, 6.45,) 7.00 7.45, 8.15, 9.00, 10.15 a. m. 3.15, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 6.20, 8.00 a.m. 4.32 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train from foot of Mississippi Ave., 6.00 p. m.

Sunday—Express, 3.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00 7.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. 5.05 p. m. $1.00 Excursion train from foot of Mississippi Ave. 6.10 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

SOUTH.— B. & S. R. R. —NORTH

ARRIVE					LEAVE				
a.m.	a.m.	p.m	p.m.	STATIONS.	a.m	p.m	p.m	a.m	p.m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsburg	8.30	2.40	6.40	6.10	
7.08	11.35	6.28	2.3	" P. & R.	8.33	2.42	6.44	6.13	
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.28	" Main st.	8.35	2.45	6.47		
		6.20	2.32	Irondale		2.47	6.50	6.25	
6.58	11.28	6.12	2 20	Paper Mill	8.44	2.54	6.58	6.37	
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	Light st.	8.47	3.00	7.01	6.50	
6.49	11.10	5.59	2.00	Orangeville	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10	
6.29	11.01	5.48	1.31	Forks	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.35	
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	Zaner's	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.45	
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	Stillwater	9.18	3.30	7.29	8.00	
6.08	10.43	5.27	1.10	Benton	9.21	3.40	7.39	8.40	
6.04	10.40	5.22	12.35	Edson's	9.26	3.45	7.44	8.50	
6.02	10.38	5.20	12.30	Cole's Crk.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53	
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	Sugarloaf	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00	
5.53	10.32	5.13	12.20	Laubach	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10	
5.49	10.28	5.08	12.08	Central	9.45	4.07	8.07	9.20	
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	Jan. City	9.50	4.10	8.10	9.40	
a.m	a.m	p.m	p.m		a.m	p.m	p.m	a.m	
ARRIVE					LEAVE				

Chichester's Pills Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect May 19, '95.

		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		Sund'y
Scranton(D & H)	lv	5 9 58	2 38	5 10		
Pittston "	"	10 00	3 00	5 39		
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre	lv	7 25	10 16	3 17	6 03	4 40
Plymouth Ferry	"	7 30	10 2	3 29	6 05	4 48
Nanticoke	"	7 40	10 3	3 39	6 13	5 00
Mocanaqua	"	8 01	10 5	3 47	6 35	5 21
Wapwallopen	"	8 11	11 0	3 51	6 46	5 32
Nescopeck	ar	8 23	1. .	4 08	6 58	5 47
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		
Pottsville	lv	6 00	9 05	1 10	.....	.....
Hazleton	"	7 10	11 05	3 04	.....	.....
Tomhicken	"	7 50	11 45	3 25	.....	.....
Fern Glen	"	7 38	11 34	3 13	.....	.....
Rock Glen	"	7 44	11 40	3 39	.....	.....
Nescopeck	ar	8 04	.....	4 08	.....	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Nescopeck	lv	8 13	11 11	4 0	.....	5 43
Creasy	"	8 33	Via	4 17	.....	5 53
Espy Ferry	"	8 43	Rock	4 27	.....	6 04
E. Bloomsburg	"	8 47	Glen	4 32	.....	6 08
				P. M.		
Catawissa	ar	8 55	12 18	4 35	.....	6 16
Catawissa	lv	8 55	12 18	4 35	.....	6 16
Riverside	"	9 14	12 37	4 57	.....	6 34
Sunbury	"	9 35	1 00	5 20	.....	7 00
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunbury	lv	9 56	1 25	5 40	.....	9 25
Lewisburg	ar	10 25	2 08	6 15	.....	.....
Milton	"	10 34	2 03	6 08	.....	9 32
Williamsport	"	11 15	3 00	7 00	.....	10 40
Lock Haven	"	12 50	4 10	8 00	.....	.....
Renovo	"	P. M.	5 15	9 00	.....	.....
Kane	"	.....	9 15	.....	.....	.....
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Sunbury	lv	9 48	1 50	5 30	.....	8 17
Harrisburg	ar	11 20	3 20	7 10	.....	10 00
		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.
Philadelphia	ar	3 00	6 28	11 1	.....	4 30
Baltimore	"	3 20	6 15	10 40	.....	6 20
Washington	"	4 30	7 30	.....	.....	7 40
		A. M.	P. M.			
Sunbury	lv	10 05	2 25	.....	.....	.....
		P. M.	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc	ar	12 05	4 25	.....	.....	.....
Pittsburg	"	8 10	11 30	.....	.....	.....
				P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg	lv	.....	.....	3 30	7 30	11 5
		P. M.			A. M.	A. M.
Pittsburg	ar	.....	11 30	2 05	.....	7 15

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡ Daily. ‖ Flag station.

						Sund'y
		P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Pittsburg	lv	7 00	8 10	.....	8 00	8 10
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Harrisburg	ar	2 10	3 30	.....	3 30	3 30
					A. M.	
Pittsburg	lv	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....
					P. M.	
Lewistown Jc	"	.....	7 3	.....	3 00	.....
Sunbury	ar	.....	9 28	.....	5 00	.....
		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.
Washington	lv	10 40	.....	.....	10 30	.....
Baltimore	"	11 50	4 45	.....	11 40	4 45
Philadelphia	"	11 20	4 30	.....	12 23	4 55
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Harrisburg	lv	3 30	8 15	.....	3 55	8 15
Sunbury	ar	5 58	9 56	.....	5 35	9 55
		P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
Erie	lv	3 10	.....	.....	.....	3 25
Kane	"	7 05	.....	.....	6 30	7 05
Renova	"	10 55	.....	.....	10 25	10 35
Lock Haven	"	11 25	7 15	.....	11 30	11 25
		A. M.			P. M.	A. M.
Williamsport	"	3 25	8 15	.....	4 00	3 25
Milton	"	4 12	9 10	.....	4 56	4 12
Lewisburg	"	.....	9 00	.....	4 47	.....
Sunbury	ar	4 36	9 38	.....	5 25	4 36
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.
Sunbury	lv	5 25	10 00	.....	5 43	10 00
Riverside	"	5 48	10 22	.....	6 07	10 20
Catawissa	"	6 08	10 40	.....	6 26	10 42
E. Bloomsburg	"	Via	10 48	.....	6 33	10 48
Espy Ferry	"	Rock	Glen	.....	6 38	10 52
Creasy	"	Glen.	11 01	.....	6 48	11 01
Nescopeck	ar	8 04	11 21	.....	6 58	11 11
		A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	
Nescopeck	lv	.....	11 11	.....	6 58	.....
Rock Glen	ar	6 52	11 37	.....	7 22	.....
Fern Glen	"	6 59	11 43	.....	7 27	.....
Tomhicken	"	7 10	11 54	.....	7 34	.....
			P. M.			
Hazleton	"	7 34	12 15	.....	7 56	.....
Pottsville	"	8 45	1 25	.....	9 05	.....
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Nescopeck	lv	8 04	11 11	4 08	6 58	11 11
Wapwallopen	ar	8 16	11 22	4 20	7 10	11 22
Mocanaqua	"	8 26	11 32	4 32	7 22	11 32
Nanticoke	"	8 46	11 54	4 53	7 44	11 54
			P. M.			P. M.
Plym'th Ferry	"	8 54	12 02	5 01	7 53	12 02
Wilkesbarre	"	9 00	12 10	5 10	8 00	12 10
		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....
Pittston(D & H)	ar	9 36	12 49	5 41	8 32	.....
Scranton " "		10 05	1 16	6 08	9 03	.....

† Daily, except Sunday. ‡

The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

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GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1895.

Candidates.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
MORDECAI MILLARD,
CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

The result of the Republican fight in this county was watched with interest by outsiders. Thos. R. Cook Jr. of the Philadelphia *Press*, was here several days, working up the Hastings end, and W. F. Andrew, ex-chairman of the Republican state committee, was in town on Monday, bolstering up the Quay workers.

The two Roaringcreek delegates to the Republican convention did not answer to their names when the roll was called, and were not in the convention. An effort was made to secure substitutions, but this failed, as the committee on credentials pronounced the substitutions forgeries. The persons named in the alleged substitutions were neither of them residents of Roaringcreek.

Th' President and the Third Term.

Yesterday's Washington Post declared emphatically that the President does not desire a third term; that he would not accept a nomination if it should be offered him, and that in elaboration of his wishes he will, at the proper time, express his views in a letter to the public. This seemingly startling statement has been widely copied, and has sent a great many of our contemporaries into a state of unrestrained excitement. We regret that we do not share this hysterical activity of the newspaper press. The announcement that the President is averse to a third term is to us a matter of no great importance. It is a question utterly immaterial and irrelevant to American politics, and one that we refuse to regard with any degree of seriousness.

The third term panic has been limited for the most part to the President's political and personal enemies and his office seeking or office-holding friends. The former element has kept up its fire through spite or for want of a better cause, while the latter contingent has been spurred on by hopes not entirely confined to the classified civil service. Between them, these blatant blather skites have managed to stir up the country with their nonsensical harangues, and incidentally to misrepresent the Chief Executive of the nation. It is only fair, however, to say that those who have kept up this cry have represented neither the general sentiment of the people nor, indeed, the wishes of the President.

We cannot believe that Mr. Cleveland has ever seriously thought of a third election to the Presidency. He is, to be sure, a man of ambition, of pertinacity, of distinguished ability, and of no little self importance; but neither one nor all of these qualities could lead him to imagine for a moment that the American people are ready or willing to reverse the precedent established by Washington. So far as the country is concerned, the present Administration has been distinguished for decency, dignity and unusual executive ability. It has served the whole country well. Yet, with all respect for the head of the Government, we are inclined to think that after March 4, 1897, the nation will manage to worry along with some one else in the Presidential chair. As for the Democratic party, we have never shared the belief that the Democracy would be seriously incapacitated in case one or two men should die.—*Phila. Record.*

New Equipment for Reading.

1000 COAL CARS, TWO TUGS AND SIX BARGES.

On the recommendation of Special Master Crawford the United States Circuit Court yesterday authorized the Reading Railroad receivers to purchase additional equipment to increase the company's business. The new equipment consists of 1000 hopper gondola coal cars, from the Pullman Palace Car Company, at a cost of $489.50 each, involving an expenditure of $489,500. Payment for these is to be made, 10 per cent. in cash, and the balance in 60 notes, one of which will fall due every month. The receivers were also authorized to contract with the Cramps for the construction of a sea going tug, a harbor tug and six coal barges of 1000 tons capacity each, for $252,000. A cash payment of $52,000 is to be made, and the balance, $200,000, is to be paid in monthly notes.

The Knife Unsheathed.

The *Press* of yesterday gives with a sensational double column display what purports to be a chapter of political history telling the story of the causes which led to the present factional dispute between Senator Quay and Governor Hastings. It is doubtless from the pen of Colonel Lambert, who fills the double role of a Cabinet officer and staff editor, and it may be accepted as an official presentation of the dispute from the administration standpoint.

The notable feature of this semi-official declaration is that the scalping knives are unsheathed, and the battle is made a fight to the death. Senator Quay is placed in the position of a dependent and a mercenary at every stage of the dispute, and a public order is given that he must not only be defeated but eliminated from the Republican power of the State.

This semi official statement charges Senator Quay with having been repulsed in personal efforts to make terms, first with Mayor Warwick, next with Lobbyist Martin and then with Governor Hastings, all of whom repulsed him without ceremony, and all of whom are now banded together not so much for the re-election of Chairman Gilkeson as to knock down and drag out Senator Quay as a Republican factor Pennsylvania.

It has been evident to intelligent observers of the contest for some days past that there can be no compromise between the beligerent Republican factions of the State before the meeting of the convention. Quay has been placed in a position by his opponent that absolutely forbids any concession on his part, unless he is willing to accept dishonor, and any compromise that he could now make that would retire him as a candidate for chairman of the State committee would be a public confession that his political mastery was ended, and that a new denomination was enthroned whose first article of faith is his destruction. He is thus compelled to accept the battle as a fight to finish, and it is openly declared by his opponents that they have deliberately chosen to make adjustment impossible.

This now settled aspect of the factional conflict will be inspiring news to the Democrats of Pennsylvania. It is notice to them that the election of six Democratic Superior Court Judges is quite within the range of possibility. But it brings inspiration to tens of thousands of Republican voters in Pennsylvania as well. This is a safe year for party purification, and even if the tempest should come the party could regain its unity in a healthier atmosphere in time for the important national election of 1896. There are scores of thousands of Rupublicans in Philadelphia alone who will rejoice to see this factional fight made a war to the death, for that must mean the utter and final overthrow of Lobbyist Martin and Contractor Porter as political masters. For this issue a large proportion of the Republicans of this city are not only ready but they are anxious to have it precipitated upon them.

With Quay's friends controlling the party organizations in two-thirds or more of the counties of Pennsylvania, and with his friends making great battles in the centres where all the advantages of power are against them, the defeat of Quay in the State Convention by a vindictive majority led by professional lobbyists under the shield of the Governor would disrupt the party organization from centre to circumference. It would not require Quay to lead in the revolution; it would come itself, and even Quay himself could not halt it. This is the entertainment to which the enemies of Quay are inviting themselves, and all who are interested in the purification of politics will welcome the issue as one that must produce the most beneficent results. The knife is unsheathed and the battle is to the death.—*Phila. Times.*

Secretary of Agriculture Edge will issue a bulletin this fall devoted entirely to commercial fertilizers, their use, composition, value and practical results. Circulars have been sent out by the agricultural department to many of the leading and most practical farmers in the state asking them to furnish the result of their experience with fertilizers upon crops produced on their farms. The bulletin will be used for reference and as it will not be for advertising purposes no special brand or make of fertilizers will be mentioned. Each one who contributes to the bulletin will receive a copy gratuitously. Secretary Edge is also preparing a bulletin showing the average price of farm products in the several legislative districts of the state.

At last an expedition of some importance has departed for Cuba. Five hundred men in an armored fast vessel with quantities of arms and ammunition are steaming to the island to land men and munitions. But why land these? A vessel such as this is said to be could perform active service with these men, particularly as there is a United States naval ex-officer on board. The revolution is assuming an aspect far different from that of a few months ago, and the insurgents have shown their right to be recognized as beligerents.

A QUARTER'S WORTH OF GAS.

NEW YORK HAS GAS METERS WORKED BY THE INTRODUCTION OF A COIN.

The nickel-in-the-slot gas machine has worked so successfully in London that it has been introduced in New York city. This is the first introduction of this idea in America. It is called the prepayment meter. In the New York meter the introduction of a silver quarter is the coin required to release the illuminating fluid. The mechanism is simple, yet delicate. The size of the coin, not its weight, is what releases the machinery. For 25 cents 200 feet of gas is secured, which is at the regular rate of $1.25 per 1000. The gas need not to be used continuously. A special indicator on the face of the dial, which is supposed to show how much gas goes through the meter, moves out to the 200 foot mark as soon as the coin is deposited. As the gas is used, this indicator returns to the zero point. Meters of this class are placed in the consumer's room or flat, so that the number of feet still to be burned may be seen at a glance at the dial. The machine is so arranged that two, three or four quarters may be placed in the slot, and thus 400, 600 or 1000 feet of gas purchased. The meter will register and give credit for 200 feet of gas every time a coin of the proper dimension is placed in the receiver.

Mr. Doane said to a *World* reporter that the matter of the value of the coin to be used in New York was seriously considered for several months before the quarter was adopted. The cost of collection, as the meters must be visited at stated intervals by employes of the company, is as great for nickels or dimes as for quarters, and this one fact determined the question. Should there appear in the future a demand for a smaller system of payment, there are a number of meters in the market to choose from.

Less than 300 of the slot meters are in use in the city at present, owing to the fact that no special effort has been made to push them. They have proved so satisfactory, however, both to consumer and producer, that their general use by all small concerns will be urged in the future, but not insisted upon. A quarter will illuminate an ordinary four-room and kitchen flat for one week.

Through the State.

Hazleton is to have a new brewery to cost $100,000.

An explosion of gunpowder at Shamokin blew off half of Stephen Capello's face.

Newsboys at Allentown will hereafter be forbidden to shout upon the streets on Sundays.

Pennsylvania railroad yard employes at Altoona, who applied for an increase in wages, say they expect to get it.

A copperhead snake bit a daughter of Charles Conkling, at Rosetown, Pike county, while she was driving the cows to pasture.

The coal regions are suffering for rain.

Berks County folks have $8,472,605 on interest.

Lancaster coal dealers have combined to regulate prices.

A flash of fire from a Lancaster furnace horribly burned John Eisenberger.

Amandes Mertz, of Lehighton, was killed at Belvidere, N. J., when stepping from a train.

Survivors of the famous Bucktail Regiment will hold a reunion at Lock Haven on September 4 and 5.

The noted artist, Peter F. Rothermel, is growing worse at his Linfield home, but he is not dead, as reported.

NIAGARA FALLS.

$10 TOURS VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

The next of the series of personally-conducted tours to Niagara Falls, via Pennsylvania Railroad, will leave Washington and Baltimore on August 8

The rate for round-trip tickets, good for ten days, is $10 from Washington and Baltimore; Harrisburg, $8.60; Williamsport, $5.80; proportionate rates from other points.

A special train of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run, and a tourist agent and chaperon will accompany the tour.

The tickets will permit of stop off at Watkins and Rochester in each direction, and at Buffalo on the return trip.

For specific rates and time of trains application should be made to ticket agents, or to Tourist Agent, Room 411, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

Four hundred tons of pig iron from the Mabel Furnace, Sharpsville, was shipped for Europe to-day, it being the first pig iron ever shipped abroad from that vicinity. The order is for a firm in Birmingham, England. It is claimed that the iron is of better quality and cheaper than can be manufactured in England.

Drug envelopes, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 manilla, white or colored, coin envelopes, and shipping tags, with or without strings, always in stock at this office. tf.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR,

AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts, BLOOMSBURG PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

SUPERIOR COURT QUARTERS.

THE LAW PROVIDES THAT NEW BUILDINGS MAY BE ERECTED.

PHILADELPHIA, July 31.—The law creating the new superior court provides for the erection of new buildings for the accommodation of the judges, if necessary. It has been learned from Williamsport that plans have been prepared there for a $20,000 building for this purpose. If advantage of the law is taken elsewhere, the city commissioners in Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Scranton and Philadelphia, where the court is to sit, might be called upon to make heavy expenditures on this account.

"The sentiment of the judges of the superior court concerning this provision of the law," said Judge McCarty yesterday, "was decidedly in favor of conducting the business of the court with as little expense as possible to the counties where the court shall go. Although there is authority for the establishment of separate court houses, the judges felt that they would much rather put up with considerable personal inconvenience than to impose any additional burden on the taxpayers."

Arrangement have been made to use the supreme court rooms in this city, and existing court rooms in the four other cities, and the judges are earnest in the desire not to entail any additional expense on the counties.

All arrangements, through prothonotaries and otherwise, will be made with that idea in view.

REDUCED RATES TO THE SEASHORE.

EXTREMELY LOW RATE EXCURSIONS VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

No other place can compare with Southern New Jersey in seaside resorts, either in point of number or of excellence. Atlantic City is the most popular resort in America, and Cape May, Sea Isle City, Ocean City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, and Holly Beach do not fall far short of Atlantic City's high standard.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, whose constant object is to give its patrons the cheapest rates compatible with good service, has arranged for two excursions to the seashore, Thursdays, August 1 and 15, from Kane, Dauphin, and intermediate stations; stations on the Lewistown Division; North and West Branch; Lewisburg and Tyrone Division, and Bald Eagle Valley Railroad; Shamokin Division and Summit branch railroad.

Tickets will be sold from East Bloomsburg at $4.50 for the round trip, good going to Philadelphia only on trains leaving East Bloomsburg 8:47 a. m. and 10:48 a. m., and will be good for return passage within ten days. Passengers may use any train from Philadelphia to either of the seashore points named above, on day of excursion or the following day. Stop off is also allowed at Philadelphia on the return trip.

The State of Maryland.

Maryland, besides being one of the old thirteen, has the distinction of being the most densely populated of the southern or old slave holding states; also next to Delaware it is the smallest of them. It is about one-fourth larger than Massachusetts, but has considerably over 1,000,000 people, or as many as Nebraska, or more than twice as many as South Dakota, or more than twenty times as many as Nevada, which is more than ten times as big as Maryland. Nearly one half of those live in the great city of Baltimore. But, says the New York *World* very truly, there are other things for which Maryland is noted.

The District of Columbia was once a part of the state of Maryland. The canvasback duck and the diamond back terrapin, considered the greatest delicacies of the American table, are found in their highest excellence around the shores of the Chesapeake bay in this state.

The most famous troops of the Revolutionary war came from Maryland. The Maryland brigade made a record that is almost unparalled. Many of the most famous of the daring privateers in the second war with Great Britain were built and manned at Baltimore, and the fastest of all sailing ships—the clipper—took their name from the city of their origin, Baltimore.

Call and see the typewriter paper at this office. tf.

In the Face of a Rising Market!

We are offering you now thousands of yards of cotton and wool dress goods, that we cannot commence to buy at the figure as they cannot be manufactured for it. Why do we do this? Because we believe in giving our patrons the benefit of our experience in buying before the goods advanced. You reap the benefit of it, and so do we but in a different way.

Wool Dress Goods.

We place on sale to-day some Henriettas that we used to sell at $1.00 the yd. To-day we cut the price in half and offer it for 50c. yd.

Skirt Lengths.

In our spring cleaning we found a lot of goods that would make a lady a nice skirt. We proceeded to tie them up in bundles for that purpose and to-day they go at just about one-half the cost when new.
Will make you an elegant skirt for mornings.

Remnants.

There is always to be found in this box lots of useful things, some long enough to make a skirt, some a waist, and you can always find some thing that will be of use to you. They are all of them marked at one-half the actual cost and some less.

Shirts.

We have just received a new invoice of unlaundried men's shirts. We are offering them to you for 50c. each. While the quality of muslin and linen which is consumed in their manufacture cost more now, but we bought it some time ago.

Can't be equal ed in town for the money.

Madras Cloths.

We place on sale to-day one entire stock of these goods at greatly reduced prices. Some of them at less than half, some not quite so much, but they all go for one price· 10c. the yd., used to be 25 and 15c. and well worth it.

PURSEL & HARMAN,
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

RUPTURE CAN BE CURED.

Grateful Testimonial From One Who Has Been Cured.

The new method of curing rupture, practiced by Dr. O'Malley, 80 South Washington street, Wilkes-Barre, is bringing most excellent results. An absolute cure is guaranteed in ninety out of the hundred cases now under treatment. There is no discomfort or annoyance of wearing a truss afterwards. No cutting, no pain and no operation. Many testimonials from grateful patients, one of which is given by permission:

John Villinger, 21 Division street, employed at Stegmaier's brewery, Wilkes-Barre, says: "I had been ruptured from lifting heavy weights and hard work. I tried many physicians, who pronounced my case incurable. No truss was of any use to me until I consulted Dr. O'Malley about three months ago. I am now well. I have no pain, no rupture, and am delighted to inform my fellow sufferers. I now work hard at the brewery every day and have thrown away my truss, having no occasion to use it."

N. B.—We make no charge when we do not cure. Examination free.

DR. A. P. O'MALLEY,

80 S. Washington St. Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Do your walls need papering? If so, call on

William H. Slate,

EXCHANGE HOTEL BLDG.,

and see for what a small amount you can have it done. Our stock is the largest and most carefully selected in town. The prices suit the hard times.

William H. Slate,

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND WALL PAPER.

Having procured the services of E. H. Froelich, an expert watch maker and hand engraver, all goods purchased of me will be engraved free of charge. I am also better prepared to do watch, clock and jewelry repairing than ever before. A new and complete optical outfit has been added, and glasses are adjusted and fitted free of charge.

J. G. Wells,

Jeweler and Optician,

BLOOMSBURG PA.

THE ART AMATUER

BEST AND LARGEST PRACTICAL ART MAGAZINE

(The only Art Periodical awarded a Medal at the World's Fair.)

Invaluable to all who wish to make their living by art or to make their homes beautiful.

FOR 10c. we will send to any one mentioning this publication a specimen copy, with superb color plates (for copying or framing) and 8 supplementary pages of designs (regular price, 25cts.). Or 10¢

FOR 25c. we will send also "Painting for Beginners" (90 pages).

MONTAGUE MARKS, 23 Union Square, N.Y.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1895.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Delegate Election and County Convention Call.

The Democratic voters of Columbia county will meet at the several places for the holding of the general election, in their respective districts, on Saturday, August 10th, 1895, between the hours of 3 and 7 o'clock p. m., and elect delegates to the county convention and vote instructions for the persons to be nominated, subject to the rules of the Democratic party of this county. The delegates elected will meet at the court house in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, August 13th, at 2 o'clock p. m., and place in nomination one person for Associate Judge of said county and elect four (4) persons as delegates to the State Convention, and transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The delegates are apportioned as follows:

	1894 vote for Singerly.	Number Delegates.
Benton,) Benton Boro)	281	2 2
Beaver	125	2
Berwick, N. E	62	2
" S. E	50	2
" N. W	35	2
" S. W	26	2
Bloom, 1st	105	2
" 2d	104	2
" 3d	168	3
" 4th	147	2
Briarcreek	119	2
Catawissa twp	73	2
" Boro	188	3
Centralia, 1st	112	2
" 2d	80	2
Centre	126	2
Cleveland	90	2
Conyngham, E. N	135	2
" W. N	22	2
" W	30	2
" S. W	31	2
" S. E	78	2
Fishingcreek, E	139	2
" W	96	2
Franklin	59	2
Greenwood, E	93	2
" W	56	2
Hemlock	109	2
Jackson	128	2
Locust	131	2
Madison	119	2
Main	123	2
Mifflin	177	3
Millville Boro	48	2
Montour	96	2
Mt. Pleasant	89	2
Orange	115	2
Pine N	93	2
Pine, S	93	2
Roaringcreek	58	2
Scott, E	100	2
" W	54	2
Sugarloaf, N	116	2
" S	83	2
Total		91

C. A. SMALL, Secretary. WM. CHRISMAN, Chairman.

Paul. E. Wirt's new mansion will soon be under roof.

W. B. Ferguson is extending his facilities for brick making by erecting another kiln.

Hockman's stand on Market square is handling fine fresh fruits and vegetables of all kinds.

The Glendon Iron Company of Easton, are preparing to start up their furnaces, after an idleness of two years.

Pottstown puddlers employed by Potts Bros, have been given a second increase of wages.

Ent Post G. A. R. will attend a picnic at Island Park, on August 29th, to be held by the Susquehanna Division of Pennsylvania G. A. R.

Dr. T. C. Harter is having the pavement relaid in front of his residence, corner of Main and East streets. This, with numerous other improvements recently made, makes it a handsome property.

Judge O. P. Bechtel of Pottsville has announced his candidacy for a place on the bench of the Superior Court. He has been on the Schuylkill county bench for eighteen years, and is an able Judge.

Centralia has a uniformed police.

Go to Laurel Hill Park on Saturday with the P. O. S. of A. excursion.

Prothonotary G. M. Quick and Deputy Freeze Quick, are engaged in making new judgment indexes.

A new daily is to be started in Pittston. F. P. Cosper, formerly of this town, is to be the editor.

Geo. F. Lauer, the millionaire brewer of Reading, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* has been improved in typographical appearance, and the price has been reduced to one cent.

A new lot of statements suitable for butchers, bakers, grocers, or any kind of business has been received at this office, which will be furnished, printed and put up in tablets, for the very small price of $1.50 per thousand. tf.

A girl named Mabel Ritche fell from the excursion train on the D. L. & W. road last Saturday evening, and was considerably bruised. She was standing on the rear platform, and the starting of the train at Rupert threw her off.

The following letters are advertised July 30, 1895. Miss Minnie Bondman, Miss Mary McBride, F. Hilman, Miss Hattie Swayze, Clinton Rhoades. Will be sent to the dead letter office Aug. 13, 1895.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

John S. Williams has a reputation as an auctioneer far beyond the limits of the county. His services have been often called for by parties in Williamsport, Wilkes-Barre, Shenandoah, Danville, and many other places. On Monday he cried a horse sale at Harrisburg.

MURDER PROMPTS SUICIDE.

A SON HANGS HIMSELF BECAUSE HIS FATHER KILLED A MAN.

The suicide at Antrim, Tioga county, several days ago, of John Renstrom reveals a strange story. He killed himself because he discovered that his father was a murderer.

Two months ago the elder Renstrom died. Before his death he wrote a letter and sealed it in an envelope, with instructions that it be opened at his death. The letter was a confession of murder. While on their way to New York, two years before, Renstrom said, he enticed August Peterson into a forest and there killed him with a club.

He took the $300 Peterson had in his pocket and buried the body in a thicket. The father's confession so preyed upon young Renstrom's mind that with a clothes line he hanged himself in a garret.

Bicyclists—Attention.

We make a specialty of supplying racing suits, either full, ½, ¼, or no sleeves, in all colors. Anyone wishing to take part in the races here who want suits are requested to call on us as early as possible and place their order so as to have them here in time. Prices from $1.50 up.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in books of 25 and 50. tf.

Don't Grope in the Dark.

We have bicycle lanterns from $1.00 to $5.00, bells from 25c. to $1.50, luggage carriers, whistles, cement, chain lubricant and everything a wheelman needs.

A $150 Cleveland (good as new) $60.

This is a bargain.

Call and see me and I will save you money.

W. S. RISHTON,

Opposite Post Office. Druggist.

BY SEA AND SHORE.

LETTER FROM ABROAD.

A brighter day never dawned for man leaving home and country than that which greeted us on the morning of last Wednesday—earth, sea and sky conspired to wish us "Bon voyage" and a happy return to the shores of the most glorious country under the sun.

New York Bay lay spread before us, calm and peaceful, waiting to welcome on its bosom an American ship, floating the flag of the country that has given a new meaning to the word *Liberty*.

The hearts of twelve hundred Americans bounded with joy at the mighty engine's first throb which started the good ship on this, her 36th trip across the Atlantic. The immense two story pier of the American Steamship Company at the foot of Fulton Street was crowded to its utmost with men and women who came to bid adieu to their friends, and as the ship glided gracefully from her mooring, the passengers were treated to the first exciting episode of the voyage. Two bay horses and a cab dashed down to the landing place with two passengers who had arrived just in time to be too late. The gang plank had been taken in not two minutes before, and the mighty ship had actually started on her voyage. The look of disappointment that filled the faces of the belated ones as they stood and saw the vessel move away I can never forget. For the moment we all forgot the waving of handkerchiefs and flags by the throng on the pier and I am sure every passenger felt a sympathy for those who were so keenly disappointed.

All too soon we passed the Bartholdi statue of "Liberty lighting the world" and just as the green shores of New Jersey and Staten Island were fading from view, we hailed the Lucania coming into harbor on her return trip. By the time lunch had been served the last vestige of land had melted away and the good ship with its freight of fifteen hundred souls aboard was standing out to sea on a course slightly north of east, at this season of the year a more southerly course is adopted than that taken for the winter voyages thus avoiding the danger of floating icebergs which in July and August are apt to drift far southward.

About 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the first day out, when we were not more than a hundred miles from New York, everyone on the port (left) side of the ship was startled by the cry of "a whale! see her spout!" and there sure enough not more than two hundred yards away, ploughing the smooth sea with his huge back appearing above the surface, we saw the whale heading straight for the ship's course. He spouted three times throwing a column of water several feet into the air, and then disappeared at about the same moment. We looked further northward possibly a quarter of a mile and saw another whale spouting and gliding along like a very monarch of the sea. I ought to say that at this time, in fact all of Wednesday afternoon the ocean was as smooth as the Susquehanna river. A mill pond would have been tempestuous compared to it. Toward evening however there arose a slight breeze which as the night deepened, gathered strength until midnight when we went to bed, it was scarcely possible to walk on deck. About five o'clock the next morning (Thursday July 4th) we were awakened by the rolling of the vessel, and looking out of the port-hole saw the waves tumbling about the ship in what appeared to me to be in a perfect fury. A slight rain was falling and a stiff breeze blowing. I was afterward told that this kind of weather was not regarded as more than slightly rough.

Saturday 2 P. M.

We waited till about seven o'clock before we attempted to get up and then found considerable difficulty in moving about, the ship rolled and the waves dashed against her sides and were over the promenade (upper) deck. When we appeared on deck (only a few succeeded in getting that far) we found that almost every one aboard was sick, the dining room was practically deserted, the deck which was the day before filled with people walking backward and forward was also almost deserted, a few were leaning over the rail getting the only relief possible from sea sickness. Some were wrapped in ship rugs and like Bre'r Fox "laying low and sayin' nuthin'. It is needless to say we ate slight breakfast—a few crackers and a bottle of Mumm sufficed. About three o'clock in the afternoon we struck a comparatively smooth sea and found comfort from that time forward to the present writing, Saturday afternoon.

Thursday night was quiet and the passengers sat in the bow, looking at moon, none wore overcoats, or even used ship rugs. We were in the gulf stream and the salt bath on Friday morning without the use of hot water was invigorating. Friday was a day without events. In the afternoon about five o'clock we saw a sail to the northward about five miles, and today at noon saw on the horizon fully twelve miles distant the faint outlines of what appeared as a "phantom ship"—the aid of a glass showed us that it was a four-masted brig with full sail and sailing in a course apparently parallel with ours. We have passed the New Foundland banks to the Northward and are now almost fifteen hundred miles from New York.

First days run 397 miles.
2nd. " " 446 "
3rd. " " 434 "

This afternoon the captain of the ship called on us at our state room and invited us to the Bridge, a rare privilege. We also had a pleasant visit from the Editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, Hon. SinClair McElway.

Tuesday July 9, 1895.

Have been doing nothing but loaf on deck and below since Saturday. Last night was spent most enjoyably with John Kendrick Bang, the author. He had many funny stories to tell and left our state room at 2 o'clock this morning.

Almost every day we have seen a sail and yesterday a steamer. We expect to sight land tomorrow (Wednesday) about 6 A. M. It is now reasonably certain that we will reach Southampton about 6 o'clock Wednesday evening, London about 8 P. M. To night being the last night on board, a concert will be given by local talent.

July 11th.

We reached Southampton about 7 o'clock P. M. Wednesday night. It took an hour to get through the Custom House. A special for London was waiting us and we left at 8 P. M. Arrived at London about 10 P. M., found rooms and took lunch and a walk down the strand until twelve when we turned in.

Our ride from Southampton to London was delightful. *First* impressions, that of a finished country, long, extra long twilights, all hedges for fences, no other kind, and an abundant sprenkling of trees. The deep greenness of the landscape is positively wonderful. The lane is rolling,—perfectly beautiful fields, separated by hedges, roads like floors, no weeds, no tangled undergrowth; the whole country a vast garden, and for 80 miles like a park. So much for 1000 years of civilization. For twelve hours before landing we enjoyed the shores of the Isle of Night. The Needly Chalk Cliffs at one end were especially interesting (see poem toilers of the sea).

Yesterday we walked through Lombard Street (out Wall Street) to old London Bridge over Thames, then to Billings gate Fish Market, then to Tower of London, the White Tower, (original built A. D. 1000) was especially interesting, we are only one block from Trafalgar Square in the heart of London at the Hotel Metropole. Hotel impressions are bad no *ice* unless we fairly squeeze it out at every place, no bell boys, elevators simply coup up and down, waiters slow and stupid, courteous only on the surface. America can double discount them in everything like good hotels etcetera. They seem to me to be fully twenty five years behind time.

London impresses one as a tangle of alleys and narrow streets, there are few wide ones and lighted only by gas. The buildings are low. Everything seems slow and dignified, the usual english style.

We attended the theatre this evening. In London we find that nothing is given away; even programmes are sold, everything is *sold*, Americans most of all, if they are not careful. The ushers at the theatre are women. Billy Florence once called out when he had boarded the Steamer at Southampton for America. "All you english men, women and children whom I have not fee'd stand forth now, or ever after hold your peace."

We visited Westminster Abbey this afternoon, attended the 3 P. M. Service, and then went through the Abbey, saw the tombs of the Rulers and the great of England.

We were simply overawed by the antiquity of the place and charmed by the marvelous works of art. Saw the Charter (original) made 795 A. D. granting certain lands etc., saw Longfellows bust and the memorial to Lowell. We were much interested in the old chapel, the original place of holding parliament and the coronation chair in which every sovereign has been crowned since 1000 A. D.

Cordially yours.

Wednesday, August 7th is the date of the picnic of St. Columba's church, at Wynona Park.

ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

12-28-1y. B. & Co.

THE HARVEST TIME OF LOW PRICES

—in—

Dry goods, dress goods, shirt waists, skirts, underwear, hosiery, wrappers and

WASH DRESS GOODS.

Your pick of any of our 12½ and 15c. dimities at 10c.

A lot of English outing flannels at 8c.

Silks.

A lot of wash silks, 29c.
" " " lappet silks, 28c.
" " " jack silks, 38c.
" " " Black Poi de soi dress silks at $1.40.
hite parasols, $1.89.

A lot of ladies' ribbed vests, 25c. goods at 19c.

Good outing flannels, 5c.

Hosiery.

Ladies' Richlieu ribbed hose, full regular made, in tans and black, 25c.

Full regular made ladies' black hose, high spliced heels, 50c.

Regular made high spliced heels and toes, 20c.

Turkish bath towels, extra large, extra heavy at 25c.

"Shoulderettes," the new sleeve extender. Just the article. Does away with the stiffening in the sleeves.

When you take that little excursion you will want a new grip or telescope. We can supply your wants for little money.

Black Dress Goods.

We are showing a full line of these goods now at lower prices than ever.

Black cashmere shawls at spe cial prices.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

MARKET SQUARE DRY GOODS HOUSE.

WHAT DO YOU THINK—WE HAVE BOUGHT SOME OF OUR WINTER COATS ALREADY.

Don't think of them whilst we are selling you summer dress goods at a big cut in prices (warm days are to come yet) and shirt waists at a great sacrifice. For camp-meeting cool days and nights you will want one of our fall capes; we have them in many styles and prices. We are having a special ribbon sale. Thin underwear. Mitts and gloves are good sellers. New curtains just in.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Estey Organs! Estey Pianos!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Now is your time to purchase the Famous ESTY Organ and Piano.

For many years J. Saltzer has held the agency for the sale of these very reliable instruments in Columbia and Montour counties.

As an agent, he has been very successful in placing large numbers of organs, especially, in the homes of the good people of his district.

This agency, so long held by him, he has yielded, and it remains for us to continue our business relations with the people, either directly or indirectly through another agent.

At present, we propose to meet the people of this district, with whom Mr. Saltzer has been so intimately acquainted, and who have been so *well* and *faithfully* educated in regard to the *merits* and *real value* of our instruments, directly; and for a short season at least, give them the benefit of our reduced rates.

Therefore, all persons who are thinking, or who have been thinking of purchasing an organ or piano, are most cordially requested to call at our store—next door to Vanatta's paper store, Bloomsburg, Pa., and look over our stock of instruments, and get prices.

For the next thirty days we shall make special rates for cash and good notes, on our entire stock of organs and pianos.

We offer large inducements to would-be-purchasers of violins, accordians, banjos, guitars, harmonicas and jews harps—violin, banjo and guitar strings.

Also, *extra large inducements* to persons wishing to purchase *SHEET MUSIC.*

We have a large assortment of music on hand which we offer at 3 cts. per copy.

Come everybody, and see how well we can please you.

Estey & Bruce

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 30, 1895.

Secretary Carlisle told the Louisiana Senators and Representative Meyer, who called to see him to protest against the right of the Comptroller to decide whether the money appropriated by Congress to pay sugar bounties should be withheld, that he had no authority over the Comptroller, not even the power of removal, which is vested in the President alone. The Louisianians argued that the Comptroller had no legal authority to question the constitutionality of an act of Congress; that he was merely charged with the construction of the laws as he found them, and that if he had the power claimed he would be paramount to Congress. Secretary Carlisle said it was true that the Comptroller might by the arbitrary exercise of his authority greatly embarass the government, but he could see no present remedy.

Congress had conferred this great authority upon the Comptroller, and the Secretary of the Treasury had no right to question his acts. The President, of course, could remove a Comptroller, but he could not direct or review his acts. There seems little doubt that Comptroller Bowler has the law on his side, although the right to construe the constitutionality of acts of Congress appropriating money has not been exercised by a Comptroller for years. He says he is only doing his duty, in view of the decision of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, that the sugar bounty law was unconstitutional, in asking that arguments be presented showing the constitutionality of the act of the last Congress appropriating money for sugar bounties before he approves the payment of any money under that act. August 7 has been set for the hearing of the arguments, and, as more than $5,000,000 is at stake an imposing array of legal talent is expected to take part.

The secret is out. Mr. Benjamin Harrison need not pretend that he is not an out and out candidate for that nomination any longer. There are people in Washington who have seen letters from Col. John C. New directing how certain wires should be pulled in order to increase Mr. Harrison's chances. Besides, it has leaked out that a near relative of "Lige" Halford, who used to be Mr. Harrison's private Secretary, is quietly running a Harrison literary bureau in Washington. It is ridiculous to say that these things are being done without the knowledge or consent of Mr. Harrison. Col. New managed his last canvass and is as near to being in his confidence as he ever allows anybody to get. Men who are known to be working for Harrison are not the sort to be wasting their time without an explicit understanding. Among these men are ex-Senator Spooner, of Wis.; "Long" Jones, of Ill.; ex-Senator Sewell, of N. J., and Senator Elkins, of W. Va. Mr. Harrison wants that nomination and he is going to do his level best to get it.

In response to requests from the U. S. Consul at Panama and the New York officers of the Panama railroad Secretary Herbert has ordered a ship to Panama. There are two sources from which trouble is feared. There is a labor strike now on hand, and Equador is said to be about to invade Colombia. We have a treaty with Colombia which gives the United States the right to maintain free communication over the Panama railroad whenever Colombia fails to do so. Of course Secretary Herbert's instructions have not been made public, but it is almost certain that they include keeping of the Panama railroad open, as well as protecting American interests in general.

Ex Senator Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, now Railroad Commissioner, says he was misrepresented by the Southern paper which quoted him as stating that he had personal knowledge of President Cleveland's intention to be a candidate for a third term. Speaking of this matter Gen. Hampton said: "I believe I did say that if the different parties took to splitting up and a half dozen candidates took the field a lot of the conservative gold bug democrats would want to run President Cleveland for a third term and that a big per cent. among the republicans would heartily join them. As a matter of fact, I haven't the slightest reason for believing from anything President Cleveland ever said or did that he is or will be a candidate for a third term. On the other hand, I have no idea that he is thinking about it or would consent to run for another nomination." This whole third term flurry, which has lately taken on new life, is based upon misrepsentations, which in most cases have been intentionally made by enemies of President Cleveland, and which have been spread and added to by editors who find that a more congenial subject than a discussion of the live issues of the day. While all things are possible, there is not the slightest probability that President Cleveland's name will go before the next democratic National Convention, either with or without his consent.

Call and see the typewriter paper at this office. tf.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

LACK OF EASE IN CONVERSATION.

HOW TO REMEDY THIS LACK OF EASE BY PRACTICE IN THE HOME CIRCLE.

There is one great reason for this lack of conversational power; in too many cases the art is never practiced inside the home circle, writes Louise Royle in the August *Ladies' Home Journal*. No attempt at pleasant converse is ever made save when visitors are present; the various members of the family may gossip a little, or discuss purely personal affairs, but they make no attempt at entertaining talk. In point of fact, the art of conversation is like a game of battledoor and shuttlecock, one needs the quickness and dexterity of constant practice. In many busy households the only general gathering of the family is at mealtime—a time above all others when worry should be banished, if only for the sake of physical comfort. Yet this is the very time when the mother will complain of domestic worry, the father of business cares, and the daughters of shabby frocks.

All this should be changed; it ought to be a rule in all households that disagreeables are to be banished at mealtime. If complaints must be made let them come at a proper time, but do not imperil your digestion by eating while you are in an irritated and discontented frame of mind. Pleasant talk relieved by an occasional laugh will be more beneficial than pounds of pills. In the household there should not only be an avoidance of unpleasant topics, but an attempt to find agreeable ones. Each member of the family should come to the table prepared to say something pleasant. Any bright little story or merry joke, or any bit of world's news that will loosen the tongues and cause animated talk—how it will increase the brightness of the working day. There need be no profound discussion—it should be just lively touch and go talk.

Those Bicycle Costumes.

The men seem to be having almost as much trouble over their bicycling costumes as the women. There are hotels, it seems, that will not entertain men in knickerbockers, and they are by no means as welcome in all places in their bicycle clothes as with trousers that flap about their ankles and modish shirts. It is largely to this consideration of clothes that the far-seeing look for the preservation of the horse and the continuance of some of the old-fashioned methods of conveyance. If men could live and move and transact their business in golf stockings and knickerbocks, and women in bloomers or short skirts, the bicycle's progress might be as sure as it has been swift. But as it is, the formalities of life, such as they are, militate gently but firmly against the bicycle, and though they are not effectual to hold it back, they do make a little for its restraint.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

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Graves of a Nation.

WHERE THE PRESIDENTS OF OUR COUNTRY LIE BURIED.

George Washington is buried at Mount Vernon, Virginia; John Adams at Quincy, Massachusetts; Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, Virginia; James Madison at Montpelier, Virginia; James Monroe at Richmond, Virginia; John Quincy Adams at Quincy, Massachusetts; Andrew Jackson at Nashville, Tennessee; Martin Van Buren at Kinderhook, New York; William Henry Harrison at North Bend, Ohio; John Tyler at Richmond, Virginia; James K. Polk at Nashville, Tennessee; Zachary Taylor at Louisville, Kentucky; Millard Fillmore at Buffalo, New York; Franklin Pierce at Concord, New Hampshire; James Buchanan near Lancaster, Pennsylvania; Abraham Lincoln at Springfield, Illinois; Andrew Johnson at Greenville, Tennessee; Ulysses S. Grant at Riverside Park, New York; Rutherford B. Hayes at Columbus, Ohio; James A. Garfield at Cleveland, Ohio; Chester A. Arthur at Albany, New York.—August *Ladies' Home Journal*.

Of all the stock on the farm it is essential that the cow should have good food.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

OPENS SEPTEMBER 18, CLOSES DECEMBER 31.

The list of special days at the Cotton States and International Exposition is being rapidly completed. Many of the largest organizations in the world, and almost all the States will have special days. All organizations of national reputation, and having wide membership, have been invited to come to Atlanta to visit the Exposition in the fall, and are requested to communicate with the Exposition authorities in reference to special days. Following is a list of the days that have so far been decided on:

Sept. 18th—Opening Day—Liberty Bell Day.

Sept. 19th—Georgia Editor's Day.

Sept. 25th—Kentucky Press Association.

Sept. 28th—New England Woman's Press Association.

Oct. 1st—Missouri Press Association, Southern Mining Convention, Texas Press Association.

Oct. 2d—Georgia Bar Association, South Carolina Press Association, Southern Mining Convention.

Oct. 3d—Georgia Bar Association, South Carolina Press Association.

Oct. 4th—Georgia Bar Association, South Carolina Press Association.

Oct. 5th—Tennessee Day.

Oct. 7th—National Irrigation Congress, North Carolina Day.

Oct. 8th—National Irrigation Congress, American Institute Mining Engineers.

Oct. 9th—Chicago Day, National Irrigation Congress, American Institute of Mining Engineers.

Oct. 10th—Farmers' National Congress, Women's National Council, American Institute of Mining Engineers.

Oct. 11th—Farmers' National Congress, Women's National Council, American Institute of Mining Engineers.

Oct. 12th—Farmers' National Congress, Women's National Council.

Oct. 14th—Farmers' National Congress, Women's National Council.

Oct. 15th—Farmers' National Congress, Women's National Council.

Oct. 16th—Farmers' National Congress, Women's National Council, Bankers' Association of America.

Oct. 17th—Road Parliament, Women's National Council.

Oct. 18th—Commercial Travellers' Day, Daughters of Revolution, Road Parliament.

Oct. 19th—Virginia Day, Orator, Gen. Daniel; Daughters of Revolution.

Oct. 21st—Connecticut Day, Seidle's Orchestra.

Oct. 22d—Georgia Association of Manufacturers, Seidle's Orchestra, World's Fair Lady Managers.

Oct. 23d—President's Day, Seidle's Orchestra.

Oct. 24th—City of Washington Day, Women's National Press Association, International League of Press Clubs.

Oct. 25th—South and West Trade and Grain Congress, Seidle's Orchestra.

Oct. 26th—Educational Congress, Seidle's Orchestra.

Oct. 27th—Pennsylvania Day.

Oct. 28th—Educational Congress, Plant System.

Oct. 29th—Educational Congress.

Oct. 30th—Wesleyan Female College, Educational Congress, National Association House hold Economics.

Oct. 31st—Educational Congress, National Association Household Economics.

Nov. 1st—Educational Congress, Louisiana Day, Women's Federation of Clubs.

Nov. 2d—Women's Federation of Clubs, Women's Educational Congress.

Nov. 5th—Women's Christian Temperance Union.

Nov. 7th—Daughters of Confederacy, Southern Female College, Pennsylvania Day.

Nov. 8th—Peabody Normal.

Nov. 9th—Delaware Day.

Nov. 11th—Association for Advancement of Women.

Nov. 12th—Georgia Day. Women's Press Clubs, Grady Day, Georgia Editorial Day.

Nov. 13th—International League, Women's Press Clubs.

Nov. 16—Kentucky Day.

Nov. 20th—Letter Carrier's Day.

Nov. 21st—Connecticut Day.

Nov. 28th—South Carolina Day, Library Day.

Nov. 29th—Lucy Cobb Day, Library Day.

Dec. 3d—National Brickmakers' Association.

Dec. 4th—National Brickmakers' Association.

Dec. 5th—National Brickmakers' Association.

Dec. 6th—Rhode Island Day.

Dec. 10th—Woodmen of the World.

Dec. 11th—Woodmen of the World.

Dec. 28th—International Folk Lore Association.

Dec. 29th—International Folk Lore Association.

Bran is an excellent ration for horses, especially if fed with cut hay, as it is not as heating as corn and contains more mineral matter than the whole grain. Bran and ground oats, mixed make an excellent combination for summer.

A Midsummer Magazine.

Frank R. Stockton, the auther of "The Lady, or the Tiger?" contributes under the title of "Love Before Breakfast," one of the most delightful love stories to the August *Ladies' Home Journal*. The happy motif of Mr. Stockton's story is more than indicated by the charming illustrations which Mr. W. T. Smedley has provided for the text. Dr. Parkhurst writes wisely and well of "The Training of a Child," giving advice which cannot fail to be of value to parents everywhere. The biography of the number consists of a most interesting sketch of "The Writer We Know as 'Octave Thanet,'" which is accompanied by a portrait of the author and several excellent views of Miss French's home at Davenport, Iowa. Ethel Mackenzie McKenna writes interestingly of "The Author of 'Alice in Wonderland,'" and Mrs. Hamilton Mott contributes a short sketch of Mrs. Theodore Thomas. Thomas Wharton is represented by a clever little story, "A Thrippenny Token." "Tom Moore's First Sweetheart," who lies buried in an unknown grave in Greenwood Cemetery, is touchingly written of: her life as girl, wife, mother and grandmother being touched upon, as well as her career as an actress. "American Girls as Violinists" are written of by Frederic Reddall, sketches and portraits of the most famous of them being given. Miss Elizabeth Bisland writes of "When Living in the Country." In the fourth paper of the series of "The Woman Who Most Influenced Me," Edgar Wilson Nye ("Bill Nye") written of the two women who most influenced him. Women who love dainty needlework will be delighted with Helen Mar Adams' "Louis XV Embroidery Designs" and Miss Roberts' "Set of six Doilies." Miss Parloa writes from abroad of "Methods of French Cooking": Eben E. Rexford of "Flower Shows in Small Cities," and Isabel A. Mallon contributes a daintily illustrated page on the "Pretty Summer Bodices." This midsummer number which goes out to its hundreds of thousands of readers in a cover presenting Albert Lynch's famous panel of Spring, which won for him the Salon prize in 1893, is worth ten times its price of ten cents, and no woman should be without it. Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, for ten cents per number and one dollar per year.

THIRTEEN YEARS EXPERIENCE.

MILLER'S FALLS, MASS.—"During the past thirteen years," said Mr. W. A. Johnson of this place, "my wife has been sick from kidney and liver complaint and ulceration of the stomach. At each time she has taken Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and it cured her. It is a family medicine with us and many of our neighbors." 2t.

A Great Offer.

The "Twice-a-Week" edition of the New York *World* (formerly the Weekly) has proved a phenomenal success. It is a Semi-Weekly of six pages, mailed Tuesdays and Fridays; eight columns to the page; forty-eight columns each issue. It gives the news fully half a week ahead of any weekly paper, and, at the same time, retains all the literary, agricultural, miscellany and other features which made the Weekly *World* so popular. Yet the price is only $1.00 a year. For sample copies address THE WORLD, N. Y.

Arrangements have been made by which we can furnish this paper and the Twice-a-Week New York *World* all for $1.75 a year. Take advantage of this offer and get your own local paper and the Twice-a-Week *World* at this special rate. tf.

"Yield not to misfortune."

I was afflicted with catarrh last autumn. During the month of October I could neither taste or smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus Geo. Shautz, Rahway, N. J.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since a boy, and I never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill. Cream Balm is agreeable.

A Minister's Experience With Heart Disease.

Rev. L. W. Showers, Elderton, Pa.: "For many years my greatest enemy has been organic heart disease. From uneasiness about the heart, with palpitation, it had developed into thumping, fluttering, and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief. A few bottles have rid me of almost every symptom of heart disease. It is a wonder-worker." Sold by Wm. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

A lot of new judgment exemption notes, with attorney's commission, and waiving everything, just printed at this office. Sold single, or in books of 25 and 50. tf.

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Checks wasting diseases, stops night sweats, cures incipient consumption.

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MAKES RED, RICH BLOOD, Promotes healthy lung tissue.

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CURES ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

Makes strong men and women of weaklings.

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Cure all Wasting Diseases and their sequences,

BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

They are neither styptic nor caustic, have no coagulating effect on the contents of the stomach or its lining; consequently do not hurt the teeth or cause constipation or diarrhœa, as do the usual forms of Iron. 10 days treatment 50c, pamphlet free. If not kept by your druggist, address

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IT WILL CURE. A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

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HOLMES' ENTERPRISES.

Skeletons Discovered Which Have Been Traced to Him.

SAYS HE GOT THEM LEGITIMATELY.

The Chicago Police, However, Believe They Have the Skeletons of Two of the Alleged Wholesale Murderer's Many Victims. The Prisoner Ridicules the Charges.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The search of the Holmes building was prosecuted yesterday on the information given to the police by M. C. Chappell, the machinist, who says that he articulated the skeletons of three of the supposed victims of H. H. Holmes. Chappell told the police that Holmes had two vats in the cellar. One, he said, was in the southeast corner, and the other in the southwest corner of the rear cellar. They had since been walled up, he said. One of the vats, according to Chappell's statement, was used as a vessel in which the flesh was eaten from bones by the use of acids. The other was for the purpose of bleaching the bones.

Twelve laborers worked all day digging out the two corners designated by Chappell, and were about to give up the search as unsuccessful when one of the men at work on the southeast corner struck his spade against something which gave forth a metallic sound. The metal object proved to be a huge tank in the shape of a boiler. It was located just outside the cellar wall, and its top was four feet from the ground's surface. Work for the night was stopped before the tank was fully uncovered, but apparently it is eight feet long and three feet in diameter.

The police yesterday secured a skeleton which they believe to be one of the alleged victims of Holmes. Chappell took two detectives to the house of a West Side physician, where the complete skeleton was found. Chappell says that he got the bones from Holmes. After examination the police decided that the skeleton is probably that of Miss Cigrand, the Indiana girl. It had been sold to the Hahnemann Medical college by Holmes, the police claim. Yesterday's find, with the trunk discovery of Sunday, makes two of the three skeletons which Chappell claims to have articulated for Holmes, and the police are in hopes of finding the third very shortly.

Beside these matters the police have secured the trunk which Holmes said he had used in sinking Anna Williams in the lake. There are plenty of signs that it once held a body freshly mutilated, and Chappell says Holmes brought the trunk to his home with the remains of Anna Williams in it.

"In this way," said Inspector Fitzpatrick, "we are told four victims of the Englewood house were disposed of. This witness took away the skeleton partly cleaned and asked no questions. He got $36.50 for each job. One of the bodies was that of a man. We have not been able to conclude who he was. There is ony a suspicion that this was Robert E. Phelps, who was supposed to have married Miss Miss Cigrand. Holmes said he wanted him to take care of the bodies of two children. One witness says he refused to mount the bones of any children, but he does not say anything to explain what distinction he saw between children's bodies and any others if his business was legitimate and he had no knowledge of foul play. You see, it is all very suspicious."

One of the many theories that has been advanced concerning the Holmes castle, and the many uses to which it was put is to the effect that Holmes was a professional "procurer." The presence of so many young girls about the premises at various times has led to the suspicion that Holmes added this to his other nefarious crimes. In this way the disappearance of some of the unfortunate creatures is accounted for.

A STATEMENT FROM HOLMES.

He Says He Procured Skeletons as a Lucrative Business.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Holmes' attorney gave out another statement today, purporting to come from the arch conspirator, and relating to the statements made by Charles Chappell, of Chicago, to the effect that he had articulated four skeletons for Holmes.

In the first place, Holmes declared that any medical man who failed to make a living by the practice of his profession could do so in many other ways by calling into play his scientific knowledge. Accepting this idea himself, he said, he resolved to procure a number of skeletons, and when he found them expensive he concluded that to deal in the ghastly articles would be a lucrative business. Thereupon he procured a number of corpses and had them scraped and articulated, but the supposition that he had murdered people to obtain them he scouted as arrant nonsense. "I got them in a legitimate manner," he continued, "and I am prepared to prove it when the time comes."

Chappell may have done some work for him in this line, and he believed he had, Holmes went on, but his prices were so high that he was obliged to drop him. "Chappell knows nothing of my affairs," he said in conclusion, "and there is not a soul living in Chicago who can prove that I had anything to do with the disappearance of this aggregation of people whose murders I am accused of."

Durant Prevents a Dramatic Production.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The principal feature of the Durant case yesterday was the defendant's application for a judicial order to prevent the production of a play called "The Crime of a Century," based upon the Emanuel church murders. The prisoner alleged that the performance would inflame popular feeling against him. The prosecution joined with the defendant in the request for a restraining order, which was granted. The work of securing a jury proceeds slowly.

Expect to Avoid a Strike.

CLEVELAND, July 30.—The striking rod mill men gave out today that a general strike of their craftsmen will probably not be ordered Aug. 1, as has been threatened. They say they have received every assurance that the mill owners will meet them at least half way. The Cleveland Rolling Mill company yesterday granted their rod mill men an advance amounting to from 10 to 15 per cent.

Gormanites Applaud Cleveland.

BALTIMORE, July 30.—The Baltimore county Democratic convention chose a majority of Gorman delegates to the state convention and adopted resolutions very strongly commending President Cleveland, "under whose fearless, patriotic and conservative leadership prosperity and stability are assured the country."

CAPTAIN BECK EXCITED

He Openly Insults Nebraska's Congressional Delegation,

AND DENIES THEIR AUTHORITY

The Agent of the Winnebago Indians Declares That the Flournoy Company Has Systematically Robbed the Indians, and Its Members Are "Liars and Scoundrels."

OMAHA, July 26.—Indian Agent Captain Beck and the congressional delegation had a stirring session yesterday, and violence was imminent for several minutes at the Winnebago agency. He offended the entire Nebraska congressional delegation in his office, and would have ordered the senators and congressmen from the room had it not been for Senator Allen. The proceedings began when Senator Allen stated that the two senators and three representatives of the congressional delegation of Nebraska had come for the purpose of informing themselves as to the condition of affairs. In reply to this Captain Beck made a short statement. He stated that the Flournoy company had systematically robbed the Indians, and that it was a corrupt concern generally. Captain Beck said the members of the Flournoy company and every one of its friends and sympathizers were infamous liars and scoundrels.

Just as the captain finished John F. Meyers, the treasurer of the company, entered the room. "You are not telling the truth and you know it," he said.

If a giant fire cracker had been exploded under the captain's feet he could not have been more excited.

"Get out of here," he cried, "get out of here. This is my office. I will not have you in it. I am master here. You have been arrested by the United States marshal and ought to be in jail. I will not have you here. Get out before I have you thrown out."

An exciting scene ensued. Senator Thurston remarked: "I wish to know whether or not this delegation, representing a majority of the members of the Nebraska congressional delegation, has to proceed without a repetition of such scenes as the one we have just seen enacted. We are amply able to preserve order without interference or assistance on the part of any one. If this delegation is here without right—the right of American citizens to know how their own affairs are being conducted—I, for one, am ready to retire at once."

Captain Beck jumped to his feet and excitedly exclaimed that he did not recognize the authority of the delegation. He did not understand that it had any rights which he was bound to respect. It was not a committee empowered to act. It had no right to investigate him. He was responsible to the secretary of the interior, and him only. He would not be insulted in his own office.

Mrs. Beck, who had been sitting at the captain's back acting as a sort of advisory counsel, was also aroused. She did not address the congressional delegation, but in a voice loud enough to be heard by many she referred to the senator who had spoken as an insolent man and insulting meddler. She suggested to those nearest her that the captain ought to order the entire delegation out of his office.

The silence which followed the scene was oppressive and Captain Beck again rose to his feet. "Sit down," said Senator Allen, and the captain sat down. The investigation proceeded without further trouble. Captain Beck submitted letters and telegrams to show that he had the approval of the interior department in everything he did.

Big Coal Strike Inevitable.

PITTSBURG, July 26.—At a meeting of the miners' officials here it was decided that a strike was inevitable in view of the fact that four states have expressed themselves on the price question. President O'Connor, of Illinois, figured prominently at the meeting. The miners have been notified not to return to work until after the general convention on Aug. 1. The program as now arranged is to inaugurate the fight at the Banksville mines, where the men have been asked to work for fifty-five cents a ton. It is said that a rate of sixty-four cents a ton will be demanded.

Kentucky's Double Murderess.

BARBOURVILLE, Ky., July 26.—Rosa Gordon, who murdered the two women near Corbin, Ky., in a confession implicates three men, who she claims were at her house at the time of the crime, and who held Mary Southerland and Melizza Brown, her victims, while she disembowelled them. The murderess, who pleads self defense, is a small, bright appearing girl about 19, with keen brown eyes and short curly brown hair, thickly clustered about her head. Miss Gordon expresses herself as very sorry for the occurrence, but shows no fear.

Governor Morton Favors Organized Labor.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—At a meeting of the Paper Hangers' Association a letter was read from Governor Levi P. Morton, of New York, in which he expressed himself in favor of employing Union men, and stated that hereafter he would use all his influence to have all work performed by them. The governor declared that he was in nowise opposed to organized labor.

Double Murder in Florida.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., July 26.—News reached here by a schooner of the killing at Lemon City of John Highsmith ex-tax collector of Dade county, and George Davis, his brother-in-law. The double murder was committed by Sam Lewis, a bartender. Lewis escaped and a posse is in pursuit. There is talk of lynching if he is captured.

To Legalize Pool Selling.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., July 26.—Representative Kicourse, of Chicago, caused a sensation by introducing a race track and pool selling bill in the house under the head of revenue. The bill is for an act taxing owners of racing inclosures and permitting and regulating pool selling and wagering on horse races run therein.

Secretary Herbert on a Cruise.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Secretary Herbert left Washington today on the Dolphin on a month's cruise along the northern coast, extending probably as far as Bar Harbor. Assistant Secretary McAdoo will remain in charge of the navy department.

Rumored Revolt in Bulgaria.

VIENNA, July 26.—There are rumors here of a revolutionary uprising in Bulgaria, with hostile demonstrations at Sofia and elsewhere against Prince Ferdinand and M. Stolloff, the Bulgarian premier.

AN AERONAUT'S PLAN.

He Will Start for the North Pole in a Monster Balloon.

EMINENT SCIENTIST INTERESTED.

Dr. Elkholm, the Swedish Meteorologist, Will Accompany M. Andree in His Bold Enterprise, and Predicts Its Success—The Expedition Will Start Next July.

LONDON, July 30.—The session of the international geographical congress was occupied with the discussion of polar explorations. Dr. Neumayer and Mr. Joseph Hooker, a survivor of the Artic expedition headed by Sir John Ross, 1829-33, urged that fresh expeditions be equipped, and Dr. Murray, leader of the Challenger expedition, argued in behalf of the theory that the Antarctic continent was not a succession of volcanic islands and that investigations in the Antarctic ocean ought to be undertaken by the navies of the world and not as a result of private enterprise. A committee was appointed to draft a resolution in favor of further explorations.

Most of the interest of the day centered in a paper read by M. S. A. Andree, proposing a balloon route to the north pole. The idea seems feasible as propounded by the explorer. The only difficulty appeared to be how to make sufficient gas for the balloon. Then, again, prominent geographists seemed to think the proposal would fail without the use of boats, with much provisions, to rely upon in case of accident. The general impression of the congress, however, was that the proposal was lacking in practical application.

M. Andree has secured the sanction of the Swedish Scientific society to his balloon project, and has received a liberal donation to help defray expenses from King Oscar of Sweden. Sufficient funds have, in fact, been obtained, and the attempt is assured, but M. Andree naturally desired the approval of so authoritative a body as the international geographical congress. He explained that M. Yon, of Paris, has entered into a contract to make the machine of double silk, of which about 5,500 cubic meters will be required, the cost being £2,300. The balloon is to be capable of carrying three persons, with the necessary instruments and ballast and four months' provisions. It will be sufficiently gas tight to hover in the air for thirty days at a height of 250 meters.

M. Andree calculates that 1,700 to 1,800 cylinders filled with gas, under a pressure of 100 to 200 atmospheres, will be required for the expedition, in order to refill the balloon from time to time. He believes he will be able to guide the machine by a system of sails and ropes, acting as a brake in case of need by dragging on the earth. The car is to be spacious enough to contain a sledge, a sailing boat, several weapons, with ammunition, and a photographic camera.

Early next spring it is proposed to erect a balloon house, and after filling the balloon to start on the aerial voyage for the pole in July, with a fresh south or nearly south wind. The duration of the voyage must, of course, largely depend on the strength of the wind. It might possibly last only five or six hours, but M. Andree expects it will take at least forty. Thirty days, he believes, will suffice for cruising about the central polar basin in all directions, and taking a complete survey of it.

The return journey is to be made towards the inhabited parts of North America or northern Siberia. With a wind of average velocity, M. Andree says the balloon can make 19,400 kilometres in thirty days, whereas the distance from Spitzbergen to the Behring straits, via the pole, is only 3,700.

Dr. H. Wichmann, of Gotha, one of the most prominent German geographers, in commenting on the project, says:

The execution of this bold enterprise may, of course, be materially influenced by many unforseen contingencies. The project is by no means a fantastic one, but has been naturally and cautiously worked out in the light of science. This is best proved by the fact that Dr. Elkholm, the eminent meteorologist, who was in charge of the Swedish observatory in Spitzbergen in 1882 to 1883, has announced that he will take part in the expedition, and he predicts entire success.

Last evening Hon. and Mrs. George N. Curzon gave a reception to the International Geographical society at their mansion.

The Weather.

For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, showers; southerly winds, becoming westerly. For District of Columbia and Maryland, slightly warmer; southerly to westerly winds.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Speculation on the Stock Exchange was very active today, and the trading generally strong in tone. Closing bids:

Del. & Hudson	130⅜	N. Y. Central	101¾
D., L. & W.	—	N. Y. & N. E.	55½
Erie	19⅝	Pennsylvania	54⅞
Lake Erie & W.	27½	Reading	18
Lehigh Nav	46⅛	St. Paul	71⅝
Lehigh Valley	38	W. N. Y. & Pa.	41¼
New Jersey Cen.	103½	West Shore	103½

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, July 29.—Flour firm; winter superfine, $2.50@2.65; winter extras, $2.70@2.90; No. 2 winter family, $2.90@3.10; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.15@3.50; Pennsylvania roller, straight, $3.40@3.70; western winter, clear, $3.20@3.50. Wheat strong, higher, with 74c. bid and 74¼c. asked for July. Corn dull, firmer, with 48⅛c. bid and 48¾c. asked for July. Oats quiet, firmer, with 31½c. bid and 32c. asked for July. Hay firm; choice timothy, $17.50@18. Beef steady. Pork dull. Lard firm; western steam, $6.67½. Butter firm; western dairy, 10@13c.; do. creamery, 12@18c.; do. factory, 8½@12½c.; Elgins, 18c.; imitation creamery, 11@14c.; New York dairy, 11@17c.; do. creamery, 17½@18c.; Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, fancy, 20c.; exceptional lots higher; do. fair to choice, 17@19c.; prints jobbing at 21@24c. Cheese quiet; New York large, 5¾@7¾c.; small fancy, 6½@8⅝c.; part skims, 2@3¾c.; full skims, 1½@1¾c. Eggs quiet; New York and Pennsylvania, 13½@14½c.; western fresh, 12@13½c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Steers higher; corn and grass fed, poor to prime, $3.75@5.50; Texans, $3.50@3.85; common to choice stillers, $4.10@5.70; stags and oxen, $2.75@5; bulls, $1.50@4; dry cows, $1.25@2.75. Calves active, higher; poor to prime veals, $4@6.50; grassers and buttermilk calves, $2.75@2.87½. Sheep in fair demand; lambs active, higher; poor to prime sheep, $8@3.87½; common to strictly choice lambs, $3.87½@5. Hogs steady at $5.25@5.50.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., July 29.—Cattle steady; prime, $5.50@5.50; butchers, $4.30@4.40; bulls, cows and stags, $1.75@3.40. Hogs steady; light grades, $4.50@5.55; fair, $5.30@5.50; roughs, $3.50@4.40. Sheep and lambs strong at Saturday's prices.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed at public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1895,

At 10 o'clock a. m.,

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of Reuben Kester, Edward Hartman and Wm. Heacock, on the east by lands of Wesley Morris, on the south by lands of Wesley Morris and Sarah Patton, and on the west by lands of Daniel Wellver, Henry McEwen and George Dieffenbach, containing

93 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

barn, shed, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Charles R. Funston and Frank E. Diehl now to use of Edward Corman vs. Peter Diehl and Elmer E. Diehl, and to be sold as the property of Peter Diehl.

J. B. McHENRY, Sheriff.

ANGLE, Atty. July 12, '95.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, issued on the 8th day of July, A. D., 1895, and to me directed, will be sold at public vendue on the premises in the town of Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1895,

AT 1 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON,

all the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of the estate and heirs of William Wright, deceased, and of the estate and heirs and legatees of Mary Clayton, deceased, both late of Bloomsburg in the said county and state, in all the following mentioned real estate situated in Bloomsburg, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Situate on East now Iron street and an alley, and running thence along said alley northeastwardly 214.6 feet to an alley, thence along said last mentioned alley northwestwardly 40 feet to a post, thence southwestwardly 214.6 feet to Iron street aforesaid, and thence along said Iron street 40 feet to the place of beginning, containing

3½ PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon are erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame stable and outbuildings.

ALSO, A piece of vacant land lying on First street in said town, beginning on the east side of a twenty feet alley and said First street, and running along said street northeastwardly about 192 feet, thence southeastwardly about 180 feet to the Snyder property line, thence along a twelve feet alley as plotted southeastwardly about 192 feet to the said twenty feet alley, and thence northwestwardly along said alley about 169 feet to First street, the place of beginning.

NOTE:—This piece of ground will be offered in town lots of 48 feet front on First street and running to the said twelve feet alley, as per plot of the same, and will also be offered as above described, in one piece, and sold in such parcels as shall seem best for the estate.

ALSO, a three cornered lot lying along the said twelve feet alley 174 feet, and along the Snyder property line 195 feet to a point, and at the west end in width 81 feet.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-third of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property, and the remaining two-thirds in one year after confirmation nisi, with interest from that date.

The purchase money must be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, and the buildings must be insured to the amount of one thousand dollars, for the security of the estate.

Possession of the vacant lots will be given on payment of the one-third of the purchase money and the delivery of the mortgage security for the remainder thereof.

Possession of the house and lot will be given subject to a lease expiring April 1st, 1896, on payment of one-third of the purchase money, with mortgage and insurance on the premises.

Deeds will be made and delivered on compliance with the above terms. The purchaser shall pay for the conveyancing and securities required.

FRANK PURSEL, Trustee.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Atty for heirs of Wm. Wright.
LITTLE & ROBISON, Atty for children of Mary Clayton.
JOHN M. CLARK, Atty for trustee making sale
July 12-ts.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Cyrus J. Heller, deceased.

The undersigned an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrators of the estate of Cyrus J. Heller, deceased, as shown by their final account in said estate, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in the Town of Bloomsburg, upon Saturday, August 24, 1895, at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must present the same or be forever thereafter debarred from a share of said fund.

7-26-ts. WM. CHRISMAN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia Co. In re-Assigned estate of I. W. McKelvy.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Court to make distribution of the balance in the hands of A. Z. Schoch, Assignee, as per first account, will meet the parties in interest for the purposes of his appointment on Thursday, August 15th, A. D., 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the Court House in Bloomsburg, Pa., when and where all parties interested are required to present and prove their claims, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

7-19-ts. C. W. MILLER, Auditor.

TOWN TAXES.

Notice is hereby given that the Town Treasurer of Bloomsburg will receive Town taxes for the year 1895 at his office in Lockard's building from July 15, 1895 to August 15, 1895, after which time five per cent. will be added to all taxes unpaid at expiration of said period.

J. H. MAIZE, Town Treasurer.

Lafayette College

EASTON, PA.

Seven courses in Arts, Philosophy and Science. Civil, Mining, Electrical Engineering and Chemistry.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT JUNE 19TH.
Fall Term begins Sept. 12th.

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Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in M. E. Ent's building.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ents' Building,
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WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
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R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
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J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
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Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
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Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
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To be open all hours during the day.

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Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
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Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,508
Penn'a, Phila.	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,598
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,528,915	1,021,628
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These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
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(Opposite the Court House)
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Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

YES

We are selling all Russet shoes at cut prices :
Men's $3.00 Russet shoes now $2.25.
" $2.50 " " " $2.00.
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One-fourth off on all ladies,' misses' and children's Russet shoes, button or lace.

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Desirable vacant lots and a number of good **houses** and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best **business** stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable **property** containing 19 acres and first class **buildings** with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach **Haven.** A large number of farms in Columbia **County,** one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. **Two** Country Store Stands in Columbia County **and** one in Luzerne County. A water power **planing** mill, dry dock and lumber yard and **sheds** in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of **good farm** land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ **& SON,** Insurance and Real Estate Agents, **BLOOMSBURG, PA.** tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CHICKERING PIANO FOR SALE.—In fine condition, price reasonable, terms easy. Inquire at this office or address Lock Box A., Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main **street.** Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. **Phillips,** at Phillips' Cafe. tf

House to Rent.

On East Rock street, Bloomsburg. Inquire at this office.

Found.

A lady's gold watch chain was found **recently,** and has been left at this office. The owner can have it by proving property and paying for this **notice.** tf.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County. Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents.

BENTON.

Bark pealing up at the mountain is **over,** and many of the men have returned home.

A number of people of this place **are** preparing to take in the camp-**meeting** at Mt. Grove next week.

Cambra ball team came over here Saturday afternoon after the rain, and **arranged** to play five innings with our **boys,** and on account of a shower **coming,** two were played, the score being 2–7 in favor of Benton.

There were two prisoners in the **lock** up last Friday night. Both were **from** Jamison City and were strangers in this place. Now they have a name for the Fort, and it will be called hereafter Fort McHenry.

Miss Minnie Seigfried expects to attend camp meeting at Mt. Grove.

Stanley McHenry of Cambra, was a Benton visitor Saturday afternoon.

H. F. Kelchner of the Exchange Hotel spent Sunday at Berwick with his wife and daughter who are visiting their parents there.

C. F. Mann spent Friday night in Bloomsburg and attended the Knights of Malta, of which he is an old member.

Rube Cole, who has been peeling bark for J. T. Brady of Jamison City, the past season has returned home.

The chicken supper given by the Ladies' Aid of the Christian church Saturday evening was largely attended. They are trying to raise money to complete their new church in Mayberry town.

Appleman & Colley are doing a rushing business in the wagon trade. Both are good workmen and send out good wagons.

Tom Brittain of Cambra, was in town on business Friday.

Ira McHenry and wife drove to Bloomsburg Sunday and spent the day with Sheriff McHenry and family.

Grand Pap McHenry, who has been visiting relatives and friends here for the past two weeks returned to the jail Sunday. Come again Grand Pap and stay longer for we like jolly people.

Robt. Hess, who was working at Ricketts' Station, returned home last week and expects to remain here.

C. L. Hirleman was elected principal of this school for the coming year.

Stock Certificates.

Corporations desiring stock certificates, are invited to call and see samples of lithograph work at THE COLUMBIAN office. Workmanship and prices are guaranteed to compare favorably with city printing. tf.

Married.

At White Hall July 23d, by Rev. H. C. Munro, Mr. H. J. Shoemaker and Miss Ada Stadler, all of Millville, Pa.

A Letter From The West.

Jewell City Kan., July 18th, 1895.

Friend A. C. Achenbach Orangeville, Pa.

In my letter of May 14th I promised you that I would write you soon again. In the fulfillment of the same, I will add that we are all as well as usual with the exception of Boyd, my oldest son; he has something like the ague. The weather is beginning to get dry.

Sunday morning July 21st.

I have just come in from a stroll over the farm. I have better prospects for a big crop of corn than I ever had, am counting on 4,500 bushels provided everything proves favorable from this on.

The seed corn you sent me is fine. I call it the "Achenbach corn," a good portion of it is in silk from *one* to *six* on a stalk.

I had 3 acres of Alfalfa north of my house. I plowed what little there was of it under the 20th of May and planted the ground with corn with a two horse planter. That has made the largest growth of any corn I ever saw for the length of time planted.

All my other corn is planted with a lister. My Kaffir corn and Sorgum are fine. Most of the potatoes are made, the tops are green yet. Have had plenty to eat since the first of June.

I mowed my oats weeds last week and stacked them up for hay. They were almost an entire failure; had 22 acres; I am listing the ground in corn and with favorable weather will make some soft corn. During the last week we have had four rains.

A week ago last night one half in Thursday night one-half Friday night one-half last night one-fourth.

Yesterday we turned up dry dirt with the lister. The ground has not been thoroughly soaked since the Spring of '92. We could use one half in. of rain every day for the next 30 days to come. Wheat all died out last winter and spring. I don't know of but one field that was harvested in Buffalo Township. The wheat fields were mostly planted with corn. If we don't get a crop of corn the whole country will be busted Kansas, and Nebraska only I mean.

Corn is reported fine all over the State except a streak from *Concordia* east some 50 miles.

My boys, Boyd and Frank went to Belvit on the 4th, same as you, Bolton and myself did years ago. They wanted to stay and see the fire works which they did. They say it commenced to rain about 8 o'clock and rained until 2 o'clock. The boys say they never saw it rain so hard. Every one that was there had to stay all night. Those that measured the rain fall say it was 6½ inches.

At Jewel City the rain fall was one seven-eighths inches, a pretty fair rain too.

At Concordia it was but one-fourth inches quite a difference in a few miles.

Have had no storms so far this Summer. There were lots of people here that I can't see how they lived through the past winter. The County had to help a great many. Will make our taxes very high. I have the grass on the Pratt farm to cut, about 125 acres, it is west of the Bluffs and one half mile North. I had to plant all of my Alfalfa to come. It all died for the want of water. I don't take much stock in it. It makes the milk taste bad. We have had fine rains this summer but no heavy rains, to wet down to the subsoil. If we could get an old soaker like the one we had when you was at my place, the night the old stable broke down.

I had gone to Mankato and was storm staid. Staid all night at Mike Long's the first night and the second night at Jeff Berr'y I could not cross the creek. Do you remember? A rain like that would make us feel safe from hot winds and drouth.

Last Tuesday we had a light touch of hot winds but done no damage.

Monday morning 19th was over to see Lewis Rockey. He lives 5 miles east, two north of Jewell City. Found them all well and doing well as can be expected he has 100 acres of corn. I will now close for this time with love and best wishes to one an all my regards to Esq. Harman and the Fleckenstines and all inquiring friends.

Truly Yours,
W. M. RUNYON.

Consumption kills more people than rifle balls. It is more deadly than any of the much dreaded epidemics. Fully one-sixth of all the deaths in America are caused by consumption. It is a stealthy, gradual, slow disease. It penetrates the whole body. It is in every drop of blood. It seems to work only at the lungs, but the terrible drain and waste go on all over the body. The only way to get rid of consumption is to work on the blood, make it pure, rich and wholesome, build up the wasting tissues, put the body into condition for a fight with the dread disease. The cure of consumption is a fight—a fight between sound tissues and the encroaching germs of disease.

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A large book of 160 pages, telling all about this wonderful medicine, will be mailed free on receipt of this notice and 6 cents to cover postage by WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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The United States produced in 1890 over two fifths of all the silver mined in the world, the next silver-producing country being Mexico, with a product of $50,000,000.

The United States produced almost one-third of the total product of coal mined during the year 1891. The total amount produced by all the coal-mining nations was over half a billion short tons.

The United States furnished in 1890, 28 per cent. or nearly one third of the total amount of gold produced by the world. Its leading competitors are Austria and Russia, the former in the same year producing about $30,000,000 and the latter producing about $21,000,000.

GARNERED GRAIN.

GIVE greed the rein and it will run itself to death.

HOPE'S best pictures are made for contented people.

EVERY land that flows with milk and honey has giants in it.

THERE can be no such thing as the right use of a wrong thing.

IT is easier not to speak at all than it is to keep from saying too much.

THERE is a touch of flavor in the garden truck that is only known to the man who swings the hoe.

Casabicranka.

The girl set on the baseball stand—
All but her beau had fled.
And he, poor chap, could not demand
Relief from what she said
"Why does the pitcher throw it so?"
She murmured in dismay.
Such actions violent, you know,
His awkward moves display.
Why does he so expectorate
Upon the snow-white ball?
Was he not taught until too late
That that's not nice at all?
Why does that fellow don a cage
And let his voice resound
In cries of "strike!" awak'ning rage
In those upon the ground?
Why do the runners always fall
And slide upon their face;
Or else—they do not care at all—
Upon some other place?
Why do the people murmur 'Rank'?
He has no rank, 'tis plain;
Why does that player, lean and lank,
Seem in such awful pain?
Why does the catcher wear that pad
Close to his bosom pressed?
And why has not the other had
His clothes cut like the rest?
Why does that player swing the wood
In such a reckless way
And question, as no good man should,
What those behind him say?
Why do the men such colors wear—"
But here she turned her head,
And then at last became aware
Her escort had dropped dead.
—*Nebraska State Journal.*

In Remembrance of John C. Hendershot of Eyers Grove, Columbia Co. Pa., who died July 15, 1895, aged 25 yrs. 5mo. 12 days.

Another happy home is broken,
And the world seems dark and drear
To the lonely wife, whom he has left,
To mourn his absence here.

Her dear husband now has left her,
All this world to fight alone;
But sometime she will join him,
In our Father's blessed home.

In the midst of early manhood,
He was called from earth away;
And with Jesus he is singing
Anthems, in that endless day.

God was pleased to call him from us,
To the world where all is love,
But we hope to meet him later,
In that blessed home above.

We will miss him in the choir,
Where his voice will ne'er be heard,
In the church where he had listened
To the preaching of God's Word.

His father and his mother
Are sad since he has gone,
For they nevermore shall hear on earth
The voice of their dear son.

His sisters, brothers, friends and all,
Will miss him here below;
But we all will hope to meet him
Beyond this land of woe.

GERTRUDE HILEMAN.

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